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THE MORNING STAR.

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VOL. LXVII.—NO. 154. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, MARCH 23, 1901. WHOLE NO. 10,481

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Two freight trains wrecked on the L and N. railroad and an engineer and a fireman killed. — Battleship Massachusetts, aground near Pensacola, Fla., got off and joined the squadron, uninjured. — A trotting race between Cresceus, Charlie Herr and Boralma for $50,000, in September, has been arranged. — The peace terms offered Botha by the British and rejected by the Boer leaders were for a complete surrender. — U. S. cruiser New York en route to Morrocco, arrived at Gibraltar. — Austrian steamer Styrosa from New Orleans, with cotton, staves, etc., for Trieste, is on the rocks near Miami, Fla. — Relations between Japan and Russia are near the danger point; all Japan wants is a free hand. — Cotton compresses at Grenville, Miss., and other buildings, with 1,500 bales of cotton burned. — A negro charged with incendiarism lynched by unknown men in Halifax county, Va. — Nihilist plots against the Czar of Russia create alarm; the walls of the Czar's study and bedroom are lined with sheet armor. — Boer raiders are keeping the British forces in Cape Colony busy. — Armour interests in Chicago are reported to be engineering a deal in May ribs. — N. Y. markets: Money on call steady at 2½@3 per cent.; cotton firm and ¼c lower, middling uplands 8 7 16c.; flour quieter and about steady closing lower to sell; wheat—spot easy, No. 2 red 81¼c; corn—spot firmer, No. 2 49c; oats—spot dull, No. 2 30½; rosin steady; spirits turpentine easy at 37@37½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., March 22.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 41 degrees; 8 P. M., 48 degrees; maximum, 60 degrees; minimum, 38 degrees; mean, 49 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since first of the month to date, 2 94 inches.

Stage of water in the Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., 4 0 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO DAY.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—For North Carolina: Fair and warmer in eastern; rain in western portion Saturday; light to fresh southerly winds. Sunday rain.

Port Almanac—March 23.

Sun Rises	6 00 A. M.
Sun Sets	6 14 P. M.
Day's Length	12 14. 14 M.
High Water at Southport	9 56 P. M.
High Water Wilmington	12 26 P. M

The latest is a reported $9,000,000 salt plant to be established at Detroit, Mich., to buck up against the Salt Trust.

Miss Getaman, a Missouri girl, was married a few days ago. She made up her mind to get a man, and she got him.

The English editors are so mad at Gen. Botha because he declined to surrender that they are throwing lots of leaded editorials at him.

A New York man has bought the Dewey arch and will remove it to his rural retreat, where he will preserve it as a relic of a dismal failure.

This country was short on leprosy, but with the acquisition of the Philippines it accumulated 20,000 cases, and some of them pretty hard cases, too.

A writer in the New York *Sun* says he saw "a respectable man coming from church with his wife and a pipe in his mouth." What capacious mouths some New York men must have.

There seems to be some large colored colonies in Kansas. A Miami county paper says that $10,000 worth of chickens have been stolen in that county in the past ten years.

The actress who lost her mind in Chicago isn't getting as much free advertising out of it as if she had lost some diamonds. That shows the valuation Chicago puts on things.

Just because the hair of bald-headed men is parted in the middle a German doctor says if men would quit the habit of parting their hair in the middle there would be no more bald men.

Senator Beveridge, of Indiana, is a considerate son-in-law. He got his father-in-law a Government job in Porto Rico, and has had him transferred to a $2,000 a year snap in Indiana. He will next probably provide for his mother-in-law.

Teddy Roosevelt isn't addicted to gambling, but he frequently gambols with his children, when he gets down on all fours and plays bear with them. That isn't quite as exciting as hunting grizzly bears, but he enjoys it, and doesn't have to run hard.

"CAROLINA DAY."

Appropriate Exercises Observed by Public Schools at Hemenway Yesterday.

CONVENTION OF COUNTIES.

Large Gathering of Teachers, Pupils and Parents to Witness Rendition of the Highly Creditable Programme. Distinguished Educators.

"Carolina Day" was celebrated at the Hemenway School yesterday by the rendition of one of the most unique, interesting and appropriate programmes ever presented in the city public schools, and too much credit cannot be accorded Miss Jennie Wood, in whose mind the nature of the entertainment originated, and to whose efforts is due in a very large measure the complete success scored on the occasion.

The entertainment was a "mock convention" of the counties of North Carolina, and the costuming, inscriptions on banners, lines recited, and songs sung were all in keeping with the day.

Many visitors, including the school committees and members of the faculties of the Tileston High School and Union School, were present, when Mr. Jas. F. Post, who has so deeply at heart the every interest of the city schools, made the opening remarks. Mr. Post said "Carolina Day" was inaugurated by the Legislature to commemorate the virtues and noble and heroic deeds of the "Old North State," to stimulate with the children her present glory and her future possibilities. Mr J. J. Blair, superintendent of schools, then welcomed all who were present in a few happy words.

Over a hundred boys and girls marched on the stage, some attired in unique costumes, some carrying banners bearing the names of battles, colleges and cities, and the majority of them wearing across their breasts strips of pasteboard on which were printed the names of the different counties. Mr. L. Clayton Grant, the secretary, made a short speech explaining the object of the convention and then called the roll of counties. As a county was called, the boy or girl representing it would step to the front of the stage and recite a few appropriate lines, which in almost every instance were full of humor and expressiveness as well as giving a prominent historical event. The audience applauded heartily. Appropriate songs were sung at intervals. Several responses called forth the most enthusiastic and patriotic applause.

The STAR regrets that limited space will not permit it to go into details of the convention. When New Hanover was called, three young ladies bearing banners on which were inscribed "Wilmington, Hemenway School," "Tileston High School," came to the front and after appropriate verses by each, a song entitled "Wilmington," composed by Miss Wood, was sung. It was followed by an outburst of applause. At that juncture Mr. Grant rose and paid a tribute to the memory of Mrs. Hemenway and also paid a beautiful tribute to Miss Bradley, who was present.

The entertainment was highly enjoyable and reflects great credit on Miss Wood, on the children who participated in it, and also on the splendid public school system of the "City by the Sea." Miss Yarborough presided at the piano.

A BASE BALL GAME.

Juvenile Teams Tried Conclusions on the Diamond Yesterday Afternoon.

The "Wilmington Rattlers" and "Ben Parmele's Nine," two juvenile base ball teams, played an interesting game yesterday afternoon that resulted in a victory for the "Rattlers" in a score of 26 to 18. The teams lined up as follows:

"Rattlers"—Willie Dunham, c; Herbert Darden, p.; George Moore, 1b.; James Chasten, 3b.; James Willson, 3b.; Joseph Jacobs, s. s.; B. Lodar, r. f.

"Parmele's Nine"—Bryon Newkirk, c.; Carl Fick, p.; Henry Taylor, 1b; Milton Gore, 2b.; Bruce Hall, 3b.; Ben Parmele, s. s.; Charles Parmele, r. f.

Golf Tournament To-day.

A mixed foursome handicap tournament will be played on the links of the Cape Fear Golf Club this afternoon, beginning at 3:30 o'clock. The lady making the best score will be presented with a handsome table, which is given by Mr. N. F. Parker. Lunch will be served at the club house.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opera House—Matinee.
Opera House—Peters Comedy Co.
Official vote of New Hanover Co.

BUSINESS LOCALS

Manager—Board and lodging.

City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery.

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

ARGUMENT IN THE IMPEACHMENT TRIAL.

Guthrie Concluded His Speech—A Vote Will Hardly Be Reached Before Tuesday or Wednesday.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., March 23.—Maj. W. A. Guthrie concluded his opening argument for the prosecution in the impeachment trial of Chief Justice Furches and Associate Justice Douglas this morning, and was followed by Mr. C. M. Cooke for the defence and Hon. C. M. Busbee for the prosecution.

Major Guthrie said, in conclusion, that the prosecution does not want the judges impeached for error in judgment, but for deliberately tearing the constitution into shreds and violating—knowingly and persistently violating—its plain mandates. He said the prosecution does not attack the Hoke vs. Henderson doctrine, that office is property, but charges that the present Supreme Court went far beyond its bounds.

Mr. Cooke made a strong argument for the defence. He said the rulings of the court were all right in the eyes of those prosecuting when Democratic officeholders were retained in office and given their pay; but when the courts, following the same precedents, had retained a Republican officer, they must be impeached. He argued that the mistake was made by the 1899 Legislature in not so legislating as to the shell fish commission as to effectually accomplish what they desired, the removal of Theophilus White from office and the substitution of a Democratic officer in his stead. He cited the case of Gardner against Worth, where a mandamus was issued by Judge Robinson against the State treasurer, and Judge Clark rendered an opinion in the Supreme Court that such a mandamus could not issue, because there was no special fund or appropriation in the treasurer's hands for its payment. There was a fund, though, said Mr. Cooke, for the payment in the White case, on which this impeachment was instituted.

Hon. C. M. Busbee's speech for the prosecution was very strong and clear cut, emphasizing points made by Maj. Guthrie yesterday, and insisting that the accused judges made a flagrant violation of the constitution in issuing the mandamus on the treasury.

Hon. J. Lindsay Patterson will speak for the defence to-morrow and Hon. E. F. Davidson for the prosecution.

The Senate will hardly reach a vote on the impeachment before Tuesday or Wednesday of next week.

H. O. WILLIAMS,

Y. M. C. A. Railroad Secretary of the International Committee

THE BASE BALL SITUATION.

Manager Peschau Hopes to Have All His Team Signed This Week.

Manager Henry B. Peschau, of the Wilmington Base Ball team, expresses the hope that he will have signed by to-night all his players for the forthcoming season, and that he will be able at that time to make some definite announcement to the public as to the "winning tossers" that he will put in the field to do battle with the other teams in the Virginia-Carolina League this Summer.

He has already learned a lesson that is very expensive when experience is the teacher, and has carefully considered the record of every man before signing him. He has gathered about him an abundance of data concerning base ball and base ball men, and in the light of this information has slowly and with deliberation chosen the very best men obtainable and that, too, at a cost which will not be suicidal to the sport in the outset. In doing this, however, he has not sacrificed the best of base ball material, but has gathered a team that will do honor to Wilmington.

The STAR hopes to make a definite announcement of the players to-morrow.

Una Clayton Company.

"Miss Roarer" was the bill for the play at the Opera House last evening, and it was splendidly presented, every member of the company having proved an artist of high order. The audience was fairly large, but deserved to be larger. A matinee will be given this afternoon at 3 P. M., when "The Sultan's Daughter" will be played. The prices will be 10 and 20 cents, and every child attending will receive a present. The company will close its engagement to-night, presenting the very strong comedy drama, "A Midnight Masquerade." At this performance $10 in gold will be given away.

Ordered to the Chinese Station.

Charlotte *Observer*: "Lieutenant E. A. Anderson, who was Charlotte's guest during the last 20th of May celebration and who has been stationed at Bridgeport, Conn., has been ordered to the Chinese station. He will sail from San Francisco on April 3rd on the steamer *Solace*."

THE DAY'S SESSIONS.

Many Young Men's Christian Association Workers in Annual Convention Here.

OFFICERS NAMED YESTERDAY

Committees Appointed and Much Routine Business Transacted — Prominent Workers from Several States. Church Appointments.

The second day of the 25th Annual Convention of North Carolina Young Men's Christian Associations opened yesterday morning at 9:30 o'clock with devotional exercises by Rev. W. H. Willis, of Winston, N. C. The sessions are proving of more than ordinary interest and the attendance is correspondingly large. The delegates are being hospitably entertained by friends and members of the local Association and all express themselves as being much pleased with the cordial welcome given them by Wilmington people.

After the devotional exercises yesterday morning a permanent organization was effected by the unanimous

REV. JAS. A. DORRITEE,

Pastor of Westminster Presbyterian Church, who has charge of the singing at the Y. M. C. A. Convention.

adoption of the following report of the nominating committee, appointed at the initial meeting Thursday evening:

President — George Stephens, of Charlotte.

Vice president—J. H. Chadbourn, Jr., Wilmington.

Second vice president—W. H. Burton, Spencer.

Third vice president—Prof. S. M. Smith, Elon College.

Secretary—A. W. Hicks, Winston.

Press secretaries—J. K. Ross, Charlotte, and T. J. Tudor, Spencer.

At 10 o'clock J. B. Milligan, of Chattanooga, gave interesting Bible readings from the opening chapters of Hebrews and this was followed by a presentation of the claims of "Association Men," official organ of the Young Men's Christian Association by H. O. Williams of New York.

From 10 40 o'clock until the hour of adjournment the session was profitably taken up with a general discussion of the "Association as a Spiritual Force," Mr. Walter C. Douglas, secretary of the Philadelphia Associations, presided and the theme was discussed under sub-heads as follows: "In Saving Men," (a) personal work; (b) regular and special meetings, O. B. VanHorn, of Asheville. "In Training Men for Leadership," (a) committee service; (b) foreign missions; (c) Bible study, G. C. Huntington, of Charlotte. "In Its Relation to Some Community Problems," (a) personal purity; (b) Sabbath desecration and church attendance; (c) intemperance; (d) civic questions, C. L. Gates, of Atlanta.

Just before recess for dinner President Stephens announced the following committees:

Business—G. C. Huntington, Charlotte, (chairman); H. P. Lane, Oak Ridge; C. M. Short, Guilford; L. P. Howard, Trinity; Robert T. Kait, Davidson.

Devotional—W. L. Latta, John Frank and W. W. Turner, Wilmington; T. J. Hill, Chapel Hill; C. C. Brown, Wilmington.

Credentials—D. B. Marks, Elon College; Joe F. Watson, Whitsett; Dallan Harris, Trinity; G. S. Lane, Spencer; L. N. Boney, A. and M. College.

Resolutions—J. K. Ross, Charlotte; W. W. Kennerly, North Carolina College; Rev. C. G. Vardell, Red Springs; H. V. Scarborough, Wake Forest; D. M. Norwood, Bingham's School.

Executive Committee's Report—O. B. VanHorn, Asheville, (chairman); M. A. Shark, Spencer; H. O. Williams, New York; Prof. C. H. Johnston, Bingham's School; Prof. J. H. Vaughn, Winston.

Yesterday's Afternoon Session.

After devotional exercises, conducted by Mr. H. V. Scarborough, at 3:15 o'clock P. M., and a Bible study by Mr. Milligan, section conferences were held. One for college delegates was held in the class room and it was conducted by Mr. L. A. Coulter, of Virginia. Papers were read by many students and general discusson followed. Another section conference for delegates from cities, towns and railroads was held in the parlors, Mr. C. L. Gates, of Atlanta, presiding. Mr Reuben Huntphreys, of Charlotte, spoke on "Work for Boys." Mr. W. C. Douglass made one of his characteristic talks. The afternoon was very profitably spent in the conferences.

Yesterday Evening's Session.

Mr. J. H. Chadbourn, Jr., first vice president, called the meeting to order. The auditorium was filled. The State Committee, through its chairman, Prof. Geo B. Hanna, of Charlotte, reported that it found all the city associations doing good work.

Following are some of the most important facts embodied in the report: Total State membership, 2,339; annual expenses $13,353; one new railroad association organized at Spencer; fifteen college associations, with a membership of 1,050; candidates for ministry, 119; for foreign fields 13; general secretaries, 10; cost of State work receipts, $1,612.69, expenditures, $1,598.75.

The remainder of the session was devoted to railroad work. It was known as "Railroad Night," and Mr. H. O. Williams, of New York, who was introduced, spoke interestingly of that work. He first treated its growth and next its needs. Mr. Williams is a splendid talker, and had the closest attention of the audience. He says over 400 railroad terminals in the United States are in need of railroad associations.

Seated on the stage were sixteen railroad men from the Spencer railroad association, and they comprised what they called the "Gospel Train." A letter was read from the master mechanic of the Southern Railway shops at Spencer highly commending the work. Speeches were made by the following young men: M. A. Shark, general foreman of the shops; J. R. Thomas, engine builder; Luther Darr, car builder; S. S. Moore, double header; G. S. Lane, engineer; L. D. Brown and Henry Hoge, firemen; C. E. Thomas, conductor; C. F. Stewart, brakeman; G. R. Davis, flagman; T. J. Tudor, accountant; W. H. Burton, painter; Reuben Humphreys, general secretary. W. C. Douglas, as a "passenger," closed with an eloquent talk on the work.

Mrs. John Frank then sang "Life Is Like a Mountain Railroad," after which Rev. C. G. Vardell pronounced the benediction.

The following delegates arrived during yesterday: Prof. Geo. B. Hanna, Charlotte, at Mr. F. Pearsall's; H. E. Craven, Wake Forest, Mr. D. C. Whitted; Rev. C. G. Vardell, Red Springs, Mr. W. M. Cumming; Rev. J. W. Jenkins, Methodist Orphanage, Raleigh, Mrs. Dr. Bernheim.

In Wilmington Pulpits Sunday.

The pulpit of the First Presbyterian Church on Sunday morning will be occupied by Rev. J. A. Dorritee, of Charlotte, at 7.45 P. M. by Rev. C. G. Vardell, of Red Springs. St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church at 11 A. M. by J. B. Milligan, Chattanooga; at 7.45 P. M. by C. L. Gates, Atlanta. Fifth Street M. E. Church at 11 A. M. by G.

A. C. BRIDGMAN,

General Secretary of the Columbia Young Men's Christian Association.

C. Huntington, Charlotte; at 7.45 P. M. by Rev. W. H. Willis, Winston. Bladen Street M. E. Church, at 11 A. M. by D. B. Masks and H. B. Scarborough First Baptist Church at 11 A. M., by W. C. Douglas, Philadelphia; at 7:45 P. M., by H. O. Williams, New York; at 9 P. M. Closing service. Brooklyn Baptist Church at 11 A. M., by C. L. Gates, Atlanta; at 7:45 P. M., by O. B. Van Horn, Asheville. Southside Baptist Church at 11 A. M., by J. M. Haymore, Wake Forest; at 7:45 P. M., by H. R. Chapman. Immanuel Presbyterian Church at 11 A. M., R. T. Coit and W. Mills, Davidson College.

The Programme for To-day.

The Convention will open as usual this morning at 9:30 o'clock with devotional exercises and a bible study led by Mr. Milligan. The consideration of a policy for a new year and the receiving of the report of the Executive Committee, Mr. H. O. Williams presiding, will follow at 10:15 A. M., after which Mr. H. O. Bridgman, of Columbia, S. C., will read a paper on "The Association as a Spiritual Force Among Young Men in Towns and Villages." This will be followed at noon by a paper, "The Association as a Physical Force," by Dr. N. M. Weitzel, of Wilmington. At 12:30 there will be a short business session and an entertainment of invitations for the next convention. At 1 P. M. the Woman's Auxiliary will serve lunch in the building and at 2:30 P. M. the delegates will be given a complimentary trip to Wrightsville. The game of basket ball between representative teams of Wilmington and Charlotte will take place at the City Hall at 5.44 o'clock. There will be addresses by Mr. C. L. Gates and Mr. L. A. Coulter at the evening session.

Some Prominent Convention Figures.

There are present at the convention four gentlemen, who have not only added much to the convention, but much to Association history. Mr. Walter C. Douglas, of Philadelphia, has seen over twenty five years of service in Association work as general secretary. Coming from the ranks of successful business men, he recognized the value of the organization and uncomplainingly gave up the brightest of future prospect as a professional man and is helping to mould, shape and develope this great movement. Mr. H. O. Williams, of New York city, and representative of the Railroad Department of the American Young Men's Christian Association, is a prominent speaker in the convention. He has seen more than seventeen years of Association work as a secretary and has been the motive force in the development and expansion of the railroad associations in the South. Mr. L. A. Coulter, who for seven years was State Secretary of the North Carolina Association, and for the past six years State Secretary of Virginia associations is also present. Mr. C. L. Gates, the field secretary of the International Committee, is giving much help to the convention, gathered from an experience of seventeen years of dealing with association problems.

That many of the citizens of the city may not only have the privilege of meeting these men, personally, but of hearing them, the energetic Board of Directors of the local association, has arranged for a banquet on Monday night at the Association rooms. It will probably be the most important meeting in the history of the Association because of the presence of the visitors and the present interest in the work. The banquet will be a gathering for a more thorough and comprehensive understanding of the possibilities of the work. The STAR is informed that there will be no financial questions raised and no solicitation of funds.

LOCAL DOTS.

— The schooners *Fred B. Balano* and *Abbie G. Cole* passed out at Southport at noon yesterday.

— Theer was a "shaking-up" yesterday in the local naval store market. Spirits declined half a cent and there was a corresponding decline in crude.

— Board and lodging is wanted in desirable location for members of the Wilmington Base Ball Team. Communications may be addressed to the manager.

— The chart lecture on the Divine Plan of the Ages will be continued by Pilgrim Frank Draper to-night in the Hook and Ladder Hall on Fifth and Castle streets.

— A factory for the manufacture of buggies, wagons, etc., is being talked of for Wilmington. Parties behind the project are said to have ample capital to make the enterprise a great success.

— Some of the fire department apparatus ran over a valuable dog belonging to Mr. Jake Soloman early yesterday morning. The dog was so badly injured that he had to be killed to relieve his suffering.

— Friends in Wilmington will learn with regret of the death of Mrs. J. D. Sidbury which occurred at 8:30 o'clock yesterday morning at her home on Topsail Sound. The funeral will be held from the residence of Mrs. Ruth Nixon at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

— Fourth class postmasters have been appointed in North Carolina as follows: C. M. Soles at Iron Hill, Columbus county, vice W. A. Inman, resigned; D. W. Carter at Jerome, Bladen county, vice McKenzie Culbreth, resigned; T. H. Sellars at Paris and J. W. Boggan at Pee Dee, Anson county, vice F. Bennett and J. C. Hudson, resigned; M. Rogers at Rochester, Robeson county, vice J. B. Rogers, removed.

CLARKTON LODGE, K. OF P.

Wilmington Pythians Who Returned Yesterday from Institution Enthusiastic Over the Prospects.

The Wilmington Pythians, who visited Clarkton Thursday night and instituted a new lodge of the order there, are profuse in their praise of the Clarkton people for the many courtesies showered upon them while in that enterprising town and are enthusastic over the personnel of the new lodge, which has been christened "Clarkton Lodge No. 121, K. of P.," and which is composed of many of the most substantial citizens in that vicinity.

The Grand Lodge was called to order by Past Grand Chancellor W. J. Woodward, as instituting officer, and the following Pythians from Wilmington were at their respective stations:

C. C.—J. T. King.
V. C.—R. S. Collins.
P.—J. Robert Jordan.
M. at A.—W. L. Holden.
I. G.—A. S. Holden.
O. G.—L. B. Rogers.

The twenty men composing the Clarkton lodge were voted for and elected and the following were given degrees of Pythian knighthood:

D. L. Blue, Bladenboro; W. L. Burgess, Clarkton, O. L. Clark and G. L. Clark, Clarkton; K. V. Council, Council's Station; N. A. Currie and M. L. Cromartie, A. S. Cromartie, L. B. Evans, and W. B. Tench, Clarkton; W. W. Lane, Elkton; J. M. McKinnon and Frank McFadyen, Clarkton; M. B. McAuley and A. A. Pednau, Clarkton; J. R. Singletary, Bladenboro; S. G. Wooten, Clarkton.

The following officers of Clarkton lodge were then installed:

C. C.—L. B. Evans.
V. C.—J. M. McKinnon.
P.—Frank McFadyen.
M. of W.—O. L. Clark.
K. of R. and S.—M. B. McAley.
M. of F.—N. A. Currie.
M. of E.—W. L. Burgess.
I. G.—D. L. Blue.
O. G.—W. B. Tench.

When the installation of the officers had been completed the delegation of Wilmington Pythians were the guests of the Clarkton members of the order at a sumptuous repast served in the lodge room.

OFFICIAL VOTE

Of the City Democratic Primaries held Monday, March 18th, 1901, and of the second Primary, March 21st, as declared by the City Democratic Executive Committee.

WARDS.	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	Total	
MAYOR.							
A. M. Waddell	133	171	221	170	163	858	
W. E. Springer	249	136	154	56	246	841	
Jno. J. Fowler	84	63	73	146	181	547	
Walter G. MacRae	....	....	1	....	....	1	
	466	370	449	372	590	2247	
ALDERMEN. First Ward.							Candidates Nominated.
C. L. Spencer	349						C. L. Spencer and F. Maunder.
F. Maunder	457						
Z. E. Murrell	117						
SECOND WARD.							Candidates Nominated.
W. C. VonGlahn	192						W. C. VonGlahn and H. P. West
H. P. West	198						
J. D. Nutt	150						
J. H. Sweeny	184						
THIRD WARD.							Candidate Nominated.
George Harriss	252						George Harriss.
E. F. Johnson	216						
Wm. Goodman	148						
W. E. Perdew	205						
J. T. Runge	1						
W. A. Whitney	1						
W. H. Yopp	1						
FOURTH WARD.							Candidates Nominated.
E. P. Bailey	213						E. P. Bailey and Louis Skinner.
Louis Skinner	265						
Jno. H. Hanby	144						
W. A. McGowan	128						
FIFTH WARD.							Candidates Nominated.
W. E. Mann	320						W. E. Mann and C. C. Parker.
W. G. Reaves	316						
C. C. Parker	411						
B. F. Penny	67						
J. M. Branch	12						
Executive Committee. FIRST WARD.							
B. C. Moore	220						Elected.
J. M. Woolard	215						"
J. E. Smith	114						
James Mote	122						
SECOND WARD							
T. C. James	284						Elected.
D. Quinlivan	284						"
THIRD WARD							
T. Donlan	64						Elected.
W. H. Yopp	21						"
F. H. Frenig	1						
FOURTH WARD.							
F. A. Lord	80						
W. F. Robertson	188						Elected.
W. E. Yopp	106						
W. A. French, Jr.	113						
N. F. Parker	122						
FIFTH WARD.							
Geo. W. Millis	128						Elected.
S. J. Bryant	56						
J. P. Montgomery	43						

RESULT OF SECOND PRIMARY.

WARDS.	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	Total	
MAYOR							
A. M. Waddell	183	219	284	286	298	1269	
W. E. Springer	292	166	179	91	307	1035	
	474	385	463	377	605	2304	
Aldermen. THIRD WARD							
W. E. Perdew	205						
E. F. Johnson	260						Elected.
Executive Committee. FOURTH WARD.							
N. F. Parker	229						Elected.
W. A. French, Jr.	2						
Executive Committee. FIFTH WARD							
S. J. Bryant	152						
J. P. Montgomery	302						Elected.

(Signed) F. A. LORD, Chairman,
J. G. L. GIESCHEN, Acting Secretary. mar 23 1t

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Capt. W. R. Kenan returned yesterday from New York.

— Miss Maggie Williams, of Burgaw, spent yesterday in the city.

— Mr. Thomas Pritchard arrived from Washington, D. C., yesterday.

— Miss Mary Culbreth has returned home from Littleton Female College, N. C.

— Mr. J. W. Norwood has returned from a visit to relatives at Greenville, S. C.

— Mr. J. E. Norwood, of Newberry, S. C., arrived in the city yesterday to be with Mrs. Norwood, who is at the bedside of her sister, Mrs. B. O. Stone, who is critically ill.

Funeral of Mrs. Gill.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Mickey R. Gill was held at 10:30 o'clock yesterday morning from Grace M. E. church, the pastor, Rev. J. N. Cole, officiating. The interment was in Oakdale cemetery, the following gentlemen having acted as pall bearers: Messrs. Marsden Bellamy, W. E. Perdew, R. J. Jones, B. F. Murphy, J. D. Polsson, and Capt. Jno. F. Divine.

A Week of Comedy.

The sale of seats for the Phil and Nettie Peters' Comedy Company's engagement will open this morning at Gerken's. Mr. and Mrs. Peters are surrounded by a complete new company this season and will give the patrons of the theatre a comedy treat. Ladies will be admitted free on Monday night if accompanied by a person holding a paid 30 cents ticket, if reserved before 6 P. M. Monday.

PERHAPS FATAL SHOOTING.

One Man Wounded Another in a Fight at Spring Hope, N. C.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

SPRING HOPE, N. C., March 21.—W. D. Strickland and Ol Lewis, two white men living near here, engaged in an altercation last night, in which Strickland shot Lewis and perhaps mortally wounded him. Of the three shots fired by Strickland two took effect in the abdomen and thigh of his adversary. Strickland sets up the claim of self defence and will surrender to Sheriff Warren. It is claimed that Lewis knocked Strickland down with an axe and that the shots were fired by the last named while lying on the floor.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The funeral of the late Mrs. SARAH L. NUTT will be held from the residence, No. 414 North Front street, at half-past 4 o'clock this afternoon.

DIED.

SIDBURY—At her home at Topsail Sound, Friday morning at 8 30 o'clock, Mrs. J. D. SIDBURY.

Funeral from the residence of Mrs. Ruth Nixon at 3 o'clock this (Saturday) afternoon. Friends and acquaintances invited.

Vollers & Hashagen.

PROVISIONS.

WE HAVE A FEW CAR LOADS

White and Mixed Corn and Oats.

Bought below the present prices and buyers can get our prices to their advantage. Sold in car loads and less.

You can buy trust goods from anybody but you can't buy

Cuban Blossom, Renown, Topical Twist CIGARS

from save us. We guarantee sale. We guarantee them the most popular Cigar, and if the goods are not all we say they are we take them back at retail prices.

Sold in all kinds of stores.
mar 10 tf

One Car Load of MATTRESSES just received.

E. M. ANDREWS,
The Furniture Dealer,
117 SOUTH FRONT STREET,
mar 16 tf Opposite Market House.

Opera House
ONE WEEK,
COMMENCING MONDAY, MARCH 25TH,
Phil and Nettie Peters Comedy Co.
In up-to-date Repertoire Farce Comedy.
Prices 10, 20 and 30 cents. Seats now on sale. Ladies free on Monday night, if accompanied by a person holding a paid 30c ticket, if reserved before 6 P. M. Monday. mar 23 3t

Opera House
UNA CLAYTON CO.,
MATINEE TO-DAY AT 3 P. M.
Prices—10 and 20 cents.
Every child gets a present. Last performance
TO-NIGHT.
$10.00 in gold to be given away. mar 23 1t

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 23.

BLUNDERING IN CUBA

Senator Proctor, of Vermont, and Senator Cockrell, of Missouri, are now in Cuba where they are said to have gone at the request of President McKinley to study the situation and see if some way cannot be devised to let go of the animal's tail without sacrificing the vantage ground we hoped to secure because of our relations with the island growing out of the war with Spain. It has been announced that the Platt propositions as a whole have been rejected by the convention, although there is no objection to some of them. Governor Wood is still hopeful that the convention will yet come to terms and accept all, because many Cubans believe that this is the best thing and about the only thing they can do, for impoverished and exhausted by the war with Spain they are in no condition to enter into a contest with a powerful nationso near by as the United States.

There are several classes of Cubans by birth or adoption, and each of these several classes has its own views as to the Platt propositions, which Mr. Platt calls "requests," but which they regard as demands, but they all agree that these "requests" or demands are a violation of the letter and the spirit of the Teller resolution, which had no string to it. That resolution declared that "the people of Cuba are and of right ought to be free and independent." This was a virtual recognition of their independence then, without waiting for the result of their war with Spain. But, as if this were not sufficiently expressive of the sentiments and motives of this country, it added that there was no intention to seek territorial aggrandizement, or to exercise power or control, but that when peace was restored and stable government established, our forces would be withdrawn, and the control of the island turned over to its own people. There was no string to that. It was uttered in good faith, and it meant precisely what it said. The string was tied to it later, when the greed for concessions took possession of men who were inside the ring.

That's where the blunder was, in attaching any string whatever to it, for there was nothing that we desired of Cuba that we could not have secured with the full and cheerful consent of the Cuban people if we had maintained our plighted faith, had helped them to put their civil governments running and then left them to take charge of their own affairs. Then they would have remembered us as friends and rescuers, they would feel an obligation of gratitude: there would have been no shattered confidence, and they would have had no fears or hesitation in granting anything we might have asked.

There was blundering from the beginning, there is blundering today, a vacillating policy that hesitated and then hinted and then suggested, and all in an indirect, roundabout way, that lacked the directness or candor to command respect.

A few days ago the New York *Herald*, a paper friendly to the administration, published a letter from its Cuban correspondent, one of the most comprehensive descriptions of the situation, as it now presents itself, that we have yet read. The writer is evidently well acquainted with Cuba and its people, and understands them well, and he has also kept track of the various movements in Washington that have led up to the present situation. He begins his letter thus:

"Tricked! and by our friends!" exclaimed an orator at the Theatre Marti, yesterday, and the Cuban Constitutional convention applauded as one man. The swarthy hued speaker was a nonentity from the far west of the island You would not know him by name, yet he sententiously expressed the opinion of almost every Cuban on the island who takes any interest in the relations of his country with the United States.

At no time since Toral surrendered at Santiago has there been such intense political excitement as there is in Cuba to-day. I have travelled miles in the interior, and I find the rural districts more excited than the cities. There I found murmurs of violence and symptoms of disorder.

"Whatever the convention may do or say, however, an armed uprising is, in my opionion, out of the question, for reasons that I shall try to explain."

He then explains that there is no danger of an uprising because the more substantial class of people are opposed to that, realize that it would be the height of folly, the only class that would favor it being those who have not the ability to lead, have no formidable following if they had, and have not the means to organize resistance or the resources to carry it on. Exhausted by the struggle with Spain, practically in the power of this country, without the money or the credit to sustain organized resistance, there is no serious thought of resistance, simply because it is deemed impracticable and impossible.

Leaving the Cubans and turning his attention to the cause of this unrest, this change of a people who had implicit confidence in us to something bordering on hatred, he asserts that the cause of the change of feeling has been the persistent blundering by the Washington administration, to which he thus refers:

"But the pity of it all is that awkward blundering at Washington has stirred up a bitterness between the peoples of Cuba and the United States that will take years to efface. A little diplomacy would have accomplished everything without friction, and with a little tact Cuba might be clamoring now for annexation.

In Cuba they say Washington was afraid to announce its position; a most palpable absurdity when we stop to consider what the United States had to fear. The truth is that while we may be clever in trade and progress, we know nothing of diplomacy—that great attribute of government that prevents wars and preserve peace.

"In the handling of problems growing out of the Spanish war—Cuba, the Philippines and Puerto Rico—the Washington government has show itself to be, in the language of Manau lay, but "a struggling and irresolute mediocracy."

"It had no policy; it was groping in the dark, hopeful that the accidents of the situation might lead it to the light. It trusted to the god of fools—luck. And the result—the Tagals in rebellion; the Porto Ricans protesting; the Cubans almost on the verge of an outbreak; and the only hope of the people in the Supreme Court. There seems to be no one mind in Washington capable of dealing with the whole question in a broad and liberal sense; and, unfortunately, there is not a leader in Cuba.

To one who has studied the Cuban question the Platt resolution covers the whole ground, and should be insisted upon by the government, not only for its own benefit but for the good of Cuba. But the manner in which it was forced upon the Cubans was most brutal."

The writer of this lotter believes and asserts that there is not one of these Platt "requests" that would not have been cheerfully complied with if they had been put in the right way, candidly and without seeming to make it a matter of compulsion on the Cubans to grant them. They resent being forced to do what they might have done voluntarily and not thought much of it, but with the characteristic blundering of the administration, which never seemed to know just what it wanted, it dallied, acted suspiciously, never took into account the peculiarities of the people with whom it had to deal and at last asked under a semi-threat what it might have gotten by a mere expression of a desire made in a friendly, frank way before its thimble rigging policy aroused suspicion of the motive and shattered confidence in the men that were trusted.

The demands will be granted in some shape, however, because Cuba can't help it, but they will be granted with the same feeling that a waylaid victim surrenders his purse to an armed highwayman.

LIMIT THE ACREAGE.

The President of the Southern Cotton Growers' Protection Association has made a call for meetings of the cotton growers in every county in the cotton belt for April 6th to take steps to limit the cotton acreage for the coming crop which he in common with many others deems absolutely necessary, if the cotton planters hope to be remunerated for the expense and labor of making the next crop. He predicts that with anything like a material increase of acreage, the next crop will not bring more than six cents a pound and every cotton grower knows what that means, for there are very few who can produce it for much less than that. Six cent cotton simply means a year of labor thrown away, with contracted debts that the farmer cannot pay.

This will involve not only the farmer but the merchant whose business will be seriously affected by profitless cotton, and other branches of industry which will feel the effect of it. The fact is this a matter in which not only she cotton grower is affected, but the whole South and to some extent the whole country, for the cotton crop is one of the main reliances to bring in money from abroad.

We have, for the benefit of our cotton growing friends, published some instructive and valuable papers on this subject, written by men who keep up with the cotton movement of the world, and gave good reasons, supported by convincing figures, why the cotton acreage should be kept down to present figures if not reduced. The indications now point to a material increase, which means an increase of production unless the conditions should prove adverse, and that means more work and less money, unless the cotton growers can be made to see the folly of adding to an acreage that is already rather too large. It is to be hoped that the cotton growers will heed this call and warning and that at their meetings steps may be taken to avert the impending danger.

Bismark's Iron Nerve.

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They developed every power of brain and body. Only 25c at R. R. BELLAMY, drug store. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

AN EXPLANATION THAT DOES NOT EXPLAIN.

More than ten years ago when the McKinley tariff was under discussion, and the point was made by its opponents that our manufacturers did not need the protection it provided, because they were then shipping manufactures to foreign markets in competition with manufacturers in other nations, and selling their goods for from 25 to 50 per cent less than they were demanding from home purchasers. This was admitted, for the documents—printed price currents—were produced to prove it, and it could not be denied, but it was "explained" on the ground that it was only the surplus or out-of date goods that were thus sent and sold abroad, because the manufacturers were glad to get rid of them at any price.

That was very thin, so thin that anybody could see through it then. The following which we clip from the New York *Commercial* is on the same line and is about as thin:

"Some of our contemporaries continue to charge up against the "trusts" every real or fancied form of injustice or discrimination that anywhere makes its appearance in realm of trade or commerce. A recent report from Pittsburg, for instance, moves the Public Ledger, of Philadelphia, to demand that the United States Industrial Commission put its screws immediately upon the "steel trust"—as if that would do any good, anyway!

"This report declares that the rail-making companies in the consolidation that will soon emerge from the hands of a syndicate as the United States Steel Corporation "have two prices"—one for the American purchaser and another for the European, with the advantage decidedly in favor of the latter.

"I. is not a normal condition, to be sure, but arises at irregular intervals and from various causes. One of its simplest forms may be illustrated thus: A village grocer buys most of the butter produced on the outlying farms, gets the trade of the farmers, and sells the butter to his village customers at a good profit. This is an excellent arrangement—nobody complains When, however, the grocer some day finds his stock of butter accumulating rapidly, rather than reduce the price or stop buying, thus losing the farmer's trade, he loads up his wagon with the surplus butter, drives off to the city, sells the stuff at a price much below that charged to his home customers—perhaps at a slight loss even—and returns to let the traffic go on in the good old way. He has sustained nome prices, kept the dairy maids all at work, held his country trade, served all his village customers on an exact equality, and has established a "foreign" trade that may later on be made much more profitable. There is "no kick coming" from the village consumers, and the local newspaper doesn't think the matter of enough importance to talk about."

There is about as much resemblance between these cases as there is between a spavined mule and an up to-date warship. The village grocer doesn't make his butter, he buys it from the farmer or dairyman and pays for it in money or goods. When he gets more of it on hand than he can profitably dispose of at home, he sells it in other markets at such profit as he can make. If the farmer or dairyman from whom he purchases charged him one price and sold to a grocer in another town at a much less price, wouldn't he kick and want to know the reason why, and wouldn't the farmer or the dairyman have a good time convincing him that this was a perfectly square business?

But our manufacturers are not simply dumping their "surplus" on foreign markets. They are cultivating the foreign markets, as is shown by the continuous and remarkable increase in our manufactured exports and they are also bidding in competition with foreign manufacturers, and making contracts for the delivery of various lines of goods in foreign countries, at prices less than their foreign competitors ask, or apparently can do the work for. This is not for surplus stuff, but for new stuff made to order, and they make it and deliver it at prices far below the prices which they demand from purchasers in this country. This is true of nearly all lines of manufactured exports. The *Commercial's* explanation doesn't explain.

As an illustration of what pluck and perseverance can do, it is stated that John G. Johnson, of the Philadelphia bar, to whom Mr. McKinley has offered the position of Attorney General, to succeed Mr. Griggs, was a blacksmith until 30 years of age, when he read law. He now ranks as one of the most thoroughly equipped and best constitutional lawyers in the country, whose services are always in demand.

The tax collectors in Uganda, Africa, have lots of fun and exercise. The natives pay their taxes with elephants, zebras, chimpanzes, wild hogs, monkeys, snakes, etc. The collectors now have a $300,000 assortment of this menagerie stuff.

Story of A Slave.

To be bound hand and foot for years by the chaines of disease is the worst form of slavery. George D. Williams, of Manchester Mich., tells how such a slave was made free. He says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of Electric Bitters, she is wonderfully improved and able to do her own work." This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly curer nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, headache, backache, fainting and dizzy speels. This miracle working medicine is a godsend to weak, sickly, run down people. Everybody guaranteed Only 50 cents. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

FOR CHILDREN

Nothing, that comes in a bottle, is more important for children than Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil. And "important" means that it keeps them in even health, on the highest plane of physical life.

"Do they live on it then?"

No; they don't touch it, except when they need it.

"When do they need it?"

Whenever they show, in whatever way, the least disturbance of even balance of health. It is not for acute diseases, with some exceptions; it is for a slight falling off from first-rate condition.

It is to be used as a food, whenever their usual food does not quite answer the purpose of food.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

HEALTHY AND HUSTLING.

There are few towns in the South whose progress has attracted more attention than Charlotte's, although nearly all the leading towns in this State have made gratifying progress, especially within the past ten years. We like to note the progress of any of our towns. We take some interest in their success, and when they present object lessons showing what persistent hustling will do we take pleasure in noting their achievements, and therefore clip the following from the *Observer* of Thursday:

"A writer in Cram's Magazine, of Chicago, speaking of Charlotte, says:

"It is the commercial centre of the State, and has had an amazing growth. Here are the figures: In 1880 a total population of 8,500, in 1890, a total of 15,000; in 1900 a total of 30,000. The explanation of this growth is found in the transference of the cotton milling industry from New England to the South. Charlotte had but one mill in 1888; to-day the employes of the mill receive in wages over $1 000,000 a year, while, within a radius of 100 miles are located 57 per cent. of all the cotton spindles in the South. Six railroads radiate from Charlotte and carry supplies to the tributary region. The government at Washington has issued a health map of the United States, showing that the healthiest section owned by Uncle Sam is that hundred miles with Charlotte as a center. Either Charlotte is a wonderful place, or some of its leading citizens stand well with the authorities at Washington."

"The transference of the cotton milling industry from New England to the South" doesn't explain it, but the industry, perseverance and vim of the men who started the system of co-operative cotton factories does, and that began before there was any thought or talk of the transference of the cotton milling industry of New England. The success of the first mill encouraged the establishment of another, and so on until Charlotte has become the industrial center she is. Her success is the result of the energy, push and pluck of her own people.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Are there any privates in the Philippine Army? We ask this because Gen. MacArthur's prisoners are nearly every general is "the life of the insurrection." — *Norfolk Landmark, Dem.*

—— The length of time the United States supreme court has been sitting on that Porto Rican case leads to the suspicion that it is trying to give the administration a chance to put the halter on Cuba good and strong before anything happens.—*Atlanta Journal, Dem.*

—— The Chicago *Record's* Washington correspondent asserts that the President has named as commissioners for the St Louis Exposition "a lot of politicians who happened to be out of jobs." and lumps ex-Senator Carter in with the rest. Thus is chin-music discounted in the house of its friends.—*Norfolk Virginian Pilot, Dem.*

—— The pension sharks would not care three straws for the "Vindication" that Commissioner Evans would receive in the way of a promotion to an office paying twice as much salary. They want Evans out, and they do not care anything about the manner of his going. And when he goes out, his successor will know full well that he must placate the sharks, and the attorneys, or they will make trouble for him. Evans proved himself to be a man of some backbone. It is rather difficult to get two such men in succession in the pension office.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

Presiding Elder's Appointments, Wilmington District.

Onslow, Bethlehem, March 23, 24.
Carver's Creek, Hebron, March 30, 31
Atlantic, Andrew's Chapel, April 6, 7.
Zion, Summerville, April 13, 14.
Bladen Street, April 14.
Burgaw, Burgaw Creek, April 20, 21.
Southport, April 28, 29.
Clinton, Kendall's, May 4, 5.
Scott's Hill, Bethany, May 11, 12.
Fifth Street, May 12.
Magnolia, Magnolia, May 18, 19.
Elizabeth, Purdie's, May 25, 26.
Bladen, Deem's Capel, May 26, 27.
Kenansville, Warsaw, June 1, 2.
Grace, June 2, 3
Onslow, ——, June 7.
Jacksonville and Richlands, Jacksonville, June 8, 9.
Waccamaw, Zion, June 15, 16.
Whiteville, Cerro Gordo, June 17.
Market Street, June 23, 24
R B. JOHN.

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY FOR THE BLOOD, LIVER, LUNGS,

SPIRITS TURPENTINE

— Nashville *Graphic:* Last Friday afternoon Mary Arrington, a colored girl living on the old Coleman Woodard land, accidentally killed herself while fooling with a pistol.

— Lumberton *Robesonian:* If we may judge by a few farmers we see in town and the immense quantities of fertilizers being hauled out, we will have larger crops planted this year than ever before.

— Salisbury *Sun:* A prominent Democrat who was here last night and who has been a close listener to and observer of the impeachment trial at Raleigh says he is quite certain that the judges will not be impeached. He thinks that public sentiment over the State is largely against it and believes that impeachment will certainly fail.

— Charlotte *Observer:* Since the outbreak of smallpox in Biddleville, a a few days ago, from two to four new cases have developed daily among the colored people of that settlement. City officers yesterday transferred four new cases from Biddeville to the pest house, and sent four suspects to the house of detention.

— Rocky Mount *Motor:* George Ray, the colored boy who killed Richard Dickens, and later escaped from the lock-up in Tarboro, was captured Monday by Policeman Sumner, near Hobgood. Mr. Sumner was at Hobgood on some other business, and happened to see the boy near by. He recognized him, as he made the first arrest soon after the killing of young Dickens Ray was taken into custody by Mr. Sumner and later placed in jail.

— Winston *Sentenel:* A movement is on foot to build a $100,000 cotton factory in North Winston on the installment and co-operative plan. The promoters of the enterprise are encouraged and feel that it is practically assured. Shares will be placed at two dollars in order to give everybody an opportunity to take stock. Payments can be made weekly or monthly. —— A barn together with two horses, a wagon and a buggy, was burned last night three or four miles east of Greensboro. The property belongd to the widow of the late Perry McLean, whose residence was burned about two weeks ago. This is the third conflagration in that neighborhood within a month and it is believed that some of the fires were of incendiary origin.

— Monroe *Enquirer:* Mr. Culpepper Tarleton, of New Salem township, has lost four children within the last two months with pneumonia. The fourth child died a few days ago —— After the revenue officers raided the Central hotel and seized a lot of unstamped liquor last Friday they went about six miles south of here, near Goodman's distillery, and found graves in which there were spirits rather than bodies. Four barrels of unstamped liquor were found in the graves The officers resurrected the spirits and the government was made richer by the act. —— Mr. J. F. Osborne, the organ builder of Stanly county, has built 32 organs within the past four years. Mr. Osborne says that his organ building was the outgrowth of a great desire to own an organ, and not being able to purchase one and having a mechanical turn of mind, he set to work and built an organ. His first organ was a very crude affair, but it did what it was built for. It made music Since then Mr Osborne has had many orders for instruments. He makes a good double reed, eleven stop, solid oak case organ and sells them for thirty-five dollars each. Those who have tried Mr. Osborne's organs say that they are equal to organs of Northern make which sell for seventy five dollars.

TWINKLINGS

— "Typhoid, eh! Is he out of danger?" "I suppose so. They've discontinued that young doctor's visits."

— They were in a private box. "I want to talk with you on a very important subject," he said. "No," was her answer. "Not now. Wait till the play begins."

— Professor—"Mr. Chump, do you think you'll ever learn anything?" "No, sir." "Give Mr. Chump a merit mark for a correct answer."

— "Chinese pronunciation and spelling are very peculiar. 'Tzs,' for instance, means 'a son.'" "At first sight it looks as if it ought to mean a 'sneeze.'"

— "Is there a famine in the suspender button or belt industries?" "Not that I know of. Why?" "I see an advertisement for hands 'To sew pants.'"

— "Here's a book of songs that claims to be especially adapted to children." "Well, they are not uncommon." "But there is not a tune in a minor key in the whole collection."

— "And this country," shouted the orator, "will never take anything England or—or—" He lacked the needed word. "He's just resting on his ors," whispered a party in the audience.

—— Out of $34,932,644 contributed in 1900 by charatable persons in the United States to educational institutions only a little more than $1,000,000 was given to Southern schools and colleges. This amount includes donations for institutions intended for the exclusive instruction of both white and blacks, and but a small part of it came from the hands of Northern givers. When the great need of the Southern people for adequate home opportunity of instruction is taken into consideration it seems a pity that so little of the opulent stream of gifts and bequests should find its way over Mason and Dixon's line.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., March 22, 1901.

SCHOONERS.

Massachusetts, 425 tons, Jones, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Edith H Symington, 881 ton, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Cora M, 137 ton, Mitchell, George Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Nore, (Rus) 470 tons, Aulin, Heide & Co.
Marie, (Nor) 441 tons, Nielsen, Heide & Co.
Hedvig, (Swd) 465 tons, Persson, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Inverdruie, (Nor) 567 tons, Wittusen, Heide & Co.

BRIGS.

Audbild, (Nor) 449 tons, Arensen, Heide & Co.
M C Haskell, 399 tons, Wingfield, George Harriss, Son & Co.

BARGES.

Carrie L Tyler, 538 tons, Bonneau, Virginia Carolina Chemical Company.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

CLERGY MINISTER TO THE SICK.

From Many Parsonages Come Words of Praise for Paine's Celery Compound.

More practical work and shorter doctrinal sermons disitoguish the pulpit of to-day. Bishops and plain ministers of the gospel are putting tremendous energy into the cause of good government and public health.

The injunction "Minister" to the sick suffering" is being literally obeyed.

Clergymen are investigating remedies as they have never done before taking, them, themselves and family, frankly recommending the valuable ones and condemning the worthless.

Rev. W. E Aldridge of Birmingham, Ala., says he considers it his duty to let his people know about Paine's celery compound, as he speaks from personal knowledge. He says:

Gentlemen:—I had been afflicted for ten years with the what I thought to be heart disease, but after having the physicians examine me, I learned that I was almost dead with indigestion. They told me that they could give me medicine that would relieve me, but there was no permanent cure. Then I began using Paine's celery compound, which gave me immediate relief, and now I am well and enjoying good health. I can recommend Paine's celery compound to be the best remedy for all ailments I ever used, and furthermore, I tell my people if they will use the compound freely, they will have no doctor's bills to pay. REV. W. E. ALDRIDGE.

Clergymen in every denomination are recomending to their parishioners these March days the great spring remedy that makes people well, earnestly endorsing the work of Dartmouth College's generous scientist, and frankly lending their influence to that of the best physicians—advising the use of Paine's celery compound now sping has come.

As soon as one has fairly begun to use Paine's celery compound, every day is a step toward assured health Nervous, unhappy, and feeble persons find their flesh becomes more solid, a more healthy color takes the place of the waxy, sallow look, and there comes an increase in the volume of the blood and an improved normal appetite because of this rapid feeding of the entire nervous system.

Clerks, employers, lawyers, doctors, mothers of families, hard working men and women in every state and country, and hosts of brain workers—the most intelligent part of every community—are to-day taking Paine's celery compound with the happiest results to relieve themselves of rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous exhaustion, dyspepsia, sleeplessness, and low spirits.

Get rid of languor, clear the muddy, unhealthy skin, plump out the body, and get back to a normal, vigorous condition with Paine's celery compound—and begin now. March is the month when it is easiest to begin health.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce Exchange.]

STAR OFFICE, March 22.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 33½ cents per gallon for machine made casks and 33 cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Nothing doing

TAR—Market steady at $1.15 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at $1.10 per barrel for hard, $2.10 for dip and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin nothing doing; tar steady at $1.20; crude turpentine quiet at $2.00 @3 25.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	34
Rosin	31
Tar	234
Crude turpentine	5

Receipts same day last year—31 casks spirits turpentine, 268 bbls rosin, 789 bbls tar, 15 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 8¼c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5 13 16 cts	₱ lb
Good ordinary	7 3 16	" "
Low middling	7 13-16	" "
Middling	8¼	" "
Good middling	8 9 16	" "

Same day last year middling firm at 8⅝c.

Receipts—310 bales; same day last year, 354

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 70c. Extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 80c. Virginia—Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c; Spanish, 75c.

CORN—Firm; 58 to 60c per bushel for white

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 13 to 15c per pound; shoulders, 8 to 10c; sides, 8 to 10c.

EGGS—Dull at 10c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Dull. Grown, 20@25c; springs, 10@20c.

TURKEYS—Live, dull at 9 to 10c; dressed, 10 to 12c.

BEESWAX—Firm at 25c.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 60c.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 22.—Money on call steady at 3½@3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4½ per ct. Sterling exhange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487⅞@488 for demand and 484 for sixty days. Posted rates 485½ and 489. Commercial bills 489¼@484¼. Silver certificates 62@63 Bar silver 60¼. Mexican dollars 49. Government bonds steady. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds irregular. U. S. refunding 2's reg'd, 106; U. S. refund'g 2's, coupon, 106½; U. S. 2's, reg'd, —; U. S. 3's, reg'd, 111½; do. coupon, 111½; U. S. 4's, new reg'd, 138½; do. coupon, 138½; U. S. 4's, old reg'd, 113; do. coupon, 114; U. S. 5's, reg'd, 111½; do. coupon, 111½; Southern R'y 5's 117. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio, 99¼; Chesapeake & Ohio 46¼; Manhattan L —; N. Y. Central 147; Reading —; do. 1st pref'd 78½; St. Paul, —; do. pref'd, 189; Southern Railway —; pref'd 78¾; American Tobacco, 127¼; do. pref'd —; People's Gas 106½; Sugar —; do. pref'd 123 T. C. & Iron —; U. S. Leather 12⅝; do. preferred —; Western Union 88¼; Standard Oil 797@800; Consolidated Gas 211¼

BALTIMORE, March 22.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 13¾@14; do. preferred 32¾@33. Bonds—4's 79¾@79¼.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 22.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine easy at 37@37½c.

CHARLESTON, March 22.—Spirits turpentine, nothing doing Rosin firm; prices unchanged.

SAVANNAH, March 21. Spirits turpentine firm; receipts 203 casks; sales 693 casks; exports 13 casks. Rosin firm. Quoted: A, B, C, $1 20 D, $1 25; E, $1 25@1 30; F, $1 30@1 38; G, $1 35@1 40; H, $1 50; I 65; K, $1 80; M, $1 95; N, $2 00; W G, $2 10; W W, $2 30.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, March 22.—The cotton market, after opening at an advance of eleven and twenty-one points, further improved a little. May sold up from 8 03 to 8.10; July fr m 8 05 to 8 09 and October from 7 39 to 7.42 The general market closed steady at a net advance of twelve to twenty points. The improvement was largely based on an advance of four to nine points on futures at Liverpool. For a time the trade here had been looking for such a turn in the foreign market until many had become discouraged; so that the trade was hardly prepared for the uplift that Liverpool furnished. The response, however, was immediate. All classes of traders bought, chiefly the shorts, with New Orleans a leading factor. The buying included orders from the South for covering short contracts rather than on investment account, although investment orders were generally of a better class than seen here for a long time past. During the forenoon, the bear contingents resorted to their hitherto profitable practice of selling on bulges, but they failed to cause a reaction. Later the local shorts covered industriously. Local sentiment remained more bullish than bearish. All classes of traders admitted that much depends upon to morrow's cables During the after part of the session, therefore, trading was of a conservative order.

NEW YORK, March 22—Cotton firm; middling uplands 8 7-16c.

Cotton futures market closed steady. March 8.07 April 8 07, May 8 09, June 8.06, July 8 07, August 7 79, September 7.48, October 7 39, November 7.33, December 7 32, January 7 32

Spot cotton closed firm, ½c higher; middling uplands 8 7-16c; middling gulf 8 11 16c; sales 350 bales

Total to-day—Net receipts 15 936 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,646 bales; exports to France —— bales; exports to the Continent 2,367 bales; stock 835,444 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 129,953 bales; exports to Great Britain 33,165 bales; exports to France 13,461 bales; exports to the Continent 50,475 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 6,343,145 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,389,102 bales; exports to France 566 009 bales; exports to Continent 1,833 666 bales.

March 22 —Galveston, easy at 8⅜c, net receipts 4,974 bales; Norfolk, quiet at 8¼c, net receipts 1 189 bales, Baltimore, nominal at 8¾c, net receipts 472 bales; Boston, quiet at 8 5 16c; net receipts 210 bales; Wilmington, firm at 8¼c, net receipts 82 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 8 11 16c, net receipts 97 bales; Savannah, quiet at 8 3 16c, net receipts 3,351 bales; New Orleans, steady at 8 5 16c, net receipts 4,827 bales; Mobile, firm at 8c, net receipts 81 bales; Memphis, quiet at 8 3-16c, net receipts 424 bales; Augusta, firm at 8¼c, net receipts 455 bales; Charleston, nominal at —c, net receipts 302 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 22.—Flour quiet and about steady all day at old prices. Wheat—Spot easy; options at first were inclined towards heaviness, selling off ¼@⅝c under liquidation impelled by bearish cables, fine weather West, a rise in consols and small seaboard clearances, A subsequent stir in export circles, however, alarmed shorts and promoted afternoon steadiness, helped by a bullish "Modern Miller" report on the crop outlook. Closed firm at ¼@⅝c net decline; March closed 80⅜c; May closed 80⅛c; July closed 80⅛c; September closed 79⅝. Corn—Spot firmer; No. 2 49c; options opened easy with wheat and cables, but later rallied on export talk and good speculative support by Western traders and closed firm at a partial ½c net decline. March closed 49c; May closed 46⅜c; July closed 46½c; September closed 46¼c Oats—Spot dull; No. 2 30½c, options quiet but firmly held Petroleum steady. Lard firm; Western steam $8 25; refined firm; continent $8 50; South American $9 00; compound 5¾@5¾c. Eggs easier; State and Pennsylvania at market 12@12½c Butter firm; fresh creamery 16@22c; State dairy fresh 15@21c. Cheese firm; fancy large white 11@11½c; do, small white 12@12½c Rice steady Potatoes steady; Jerseys $1 25@1 50; New York $1 40@1 62½; Long Island $1 50@1 75; Jersey sweets $1 50@2 25. Cabbage steady; State $14@$18 per ton. Tallow firm; city 4¾c; country 4¾@5½c. Cotton seed oil quotations: Prime crude, in barrels, 30½c; prime summer yellow 34c; off summer yellow 33c, prime white 36c; prime winter yellow 38c; prime meal $34 00@25 00, Coffee—Spot Rio steady; No. 7 invoice 7c; mild dull; Cordova 8@12½. Sugar steady; fair refining 3⅝c; centrifugal, 96 test 4 1 32d; refined steady. Freights to Liverpool—Cotton by steam 13c.

CHICAGO, March 22.—Wheat was oversold early to day on bearish statistics and recovered on slight encouragement, May closing only ¼@⅝c under yesterday, after a close of ⅞c early. Corn closed a shade higher and oats at a like advance. Provisions were irregular, May pork closing with a net decline of 35c, as a result of renewed liquidation, while May ribs advanced 12½@15c and May lard 2½c.

CHICAGO, March 22—Cash quotations: Flour steady. Wheat—No. 2 spring —c; No. 3 spring 67@74c; No. 2 red 76@76½c. Corn—No 2 40½c; No 2 yellow 40⅜c. Oats—No 2 25¼c; No. 3 white 27¼@28¾c; No. 3 white 27¼@28¾c Rye—No 53@53¾c. Pork, per barrel, $15 85@15 90. Lard, per 100 lbs. $7 95@7 92½. Short rib sides, loose, $7 85@8 20 Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $6 50@6 75. Short clear sides boxed $7 25@8 37½. Whiskey —Distillers' finished goods, per gallon, $1 27

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No 2 March 75¾, 75 74¾, 75c; April 74¾, 75¼, 74¾, 75¼c; May 75¾@76¼, 76¼, 75¼, 76c; Corn—March —, —, —, 40c; May 41½ to 41⅝@41¾. 41⅝@41½. 40¾@41, 41¾@41¾c; July 41¾, 41¾, 41¼, 41⅝c Oats May 24⅞, 25, 24¾@24⅞, 24⅞@25c; July 24⅜, 24¾. 24¾ @ 24⅝. 24¼c Pork, per bbl—May $16 35, 16 40, 15 80, 16 00; July $15 50, 15 00, 14 65, 14 97½. Lard, per 100 lbs—May $7 87½, 7 90, 7 80, 7 90; July $7 87½, 7 90, 7 82½. 7 90; September $7 90, 8 95, 7 85, 7 92½. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—May $7 80, 7 97½, 7 80, 7 92½; September $7 73½, 7 75, 7 67½, 7 75.

FOREIGN MARKET

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, March 22, 4 P. M.—Cotton—Spot, increased demand; prices 3 32d higher; American middling fair 5 7 32d; good middling 4 15-16d; middling 4¾d; low middling 4 9 16d; good ordinary 4 5 16d; ordinary 4 1-16d. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 500 bales were for speculation and export and included 9,800 bales American. Receipts 11,000 bales, including 600 bales American.

Futures opened quiet and steady and closed firm; American middling (l. m. c.) March 4 43 64d seller; March and April 4 42 64@4 43 64d seller; April and May 4 42 64d seller; May and June 4 41 64@4 42 64d buyer; June and July 4 41-64d seller; July and August 4 40 64d value; August and September 4 36 64d seller; September 4 36 64d seller; October (g. o. c) 4 14 64d nominal; October and November (g. o. c) 4 10 64d nominal; November and December 4 8 64d nominal.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Stmr A J Johnson, Marley, Clear Run, by master.

Stmr Compton, Sanders, Calabash and Little River, S C, Stone, Rourk & Co.

CLEARED.

Stmr A J Johnson, Marley, Clear Run, by master.

Stmr Seabright, Price, Shallotte, Stone, Rourk & Co.

Schr Maggie C, W F Moore, New River and Jacksonville, C D Moffitt.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—97 bales cotton.

W. C. & A. Railroad—174 bales cotton, 6 barrels rosin, 20 barrels tar, 4 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—11 bales cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine, 58 barrels tar.

W. & N. Railroad—11 bales cotton, 24 barrels rosin.

C. C. Railroad—14 bales cotton, 6 barrels tar, 1 barrel crude turpentine.

Steamship Oneida—11 bales cotton.

Steamer A. J. Johnson—2 bales cotton, 30 casks spirits turpentine, 150 barrels tar.

Total—Cotton, 310 bales; spirits turpentine, 34 casks; rosin, 31 barrels; tar, 234 barrels; crude turpentine, 5 barrels.

SANTAL-MIDY
Arrests discharges from the urinary organs in either sex in 48 hours.
It is superior to Copaiba, Cubeb, or Injections, and free from all bad smell or other inconveniences.
SANTAL-MIDY is contained in small Capsules, which bear the name in black letters, without which none are genuine.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

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EVERY VARIETY OF PRINTING, RULING AND BINDING DONE NEATLY, EXPEDITIOUSLY & CHEAPLY.

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WILMINGTON, N. C.

The Murchison National Bank,

Of Wilmington.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

Assets over all liabilities $440,000.00.

We offer depositors and customers the very best facilities, prompt service and absolute safety.

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feb 13 tf

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

of Wilmington, N. C.

Designated depository for funds of: City of Wilmington, State of North Carolina, United States Government.

Condition at close of business February 5, 1901.

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans	$840 945 63	Capital Stock	$125,000.00
U S Bonds	310 000 00	Surplus, &c	189 591 91
Bank Building	1 000 00	Circulation	95 100 00
Redemption Fund	4 709 00	Deposits	1,083,271 81
In Vaults	69 731 61		
In Banks	218,185 94—287,917 59		
Total	$1,303 963 22	Total	$1,303,963 22

J. W. NORWOOD, President. ANDREW MORELAND, Cashier.

mar 19

BEDROOM FURNITURE

can be either a suite or odd pieces. Both are in good taste.

Give yourself the pleasure of looking at the interesting work of the

FURNITURE

makers displayed here. There is a very complete line of

Wood, Brass and Iron Beds.
Dressers, Bureaus, Chiffoniers,
Commodes, Chairs, etc.

The goods are excellent. The prices low.

MUNROE & KELLY,

No. 17 South Front street.

Bell 'Phone 115. mar 19 tf

For Sale.

200 Cases Pie Peaches.
100 Cases Table Peaches.
200 Boxes Star Lye.
200 Boxes Mendleson's Lye.
100 Bags Coffee.
100 Barrels Molasses.
25 Barrels Vinegar.
500 Boxes Plug Tobacco.

Cigars, Cheroots, Smoking Tobacco, Matches, Soap, and lots of other goods for sale at close prices.

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.

Wholesale Grocer,

jan 19 tf 18 Market street.

White Spring and Rust Proof

Oats.

Seed Potatoes, Fertilizers, Salt, Molasses, &c.

HALL & PEARSALL,

(INCORPORATED.)

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

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Truckers' Fertilizers.

Navassa and Armour's Fertilizers for corn, cotton and tobacco.

Sugar, coffee, meal, molasses, hay, corn, oats, &c.

Full line of heavy and fancy Groceries.

Call and see me or write for prices.

S. P. McNAIR.

feb 19 tf

CHILDREN'S COLUMN.

"Little Indian Princess."

"The Little Indian Princess" is the sobriquet applied to Miss Leonora Porter, the 12-year-old daughter of General Pleasanton Porter, chief of the Creek Indians and the wisest man of the five civilized tribes.

Miss Porter is heiress to nearly $1,000,000 and the most beautiful Indian child

LEONORA PORTER.

in Indian Territory, according to unanimous vote of the photographers. She is highly accomplished and can play and sing with the skill of a professional. The Indians call her princess. She is a half blood Creek. She lives with her parents in the "white house" of the Creeks at Okmulgee and every spring entertains the children of the tribe at a May party on the capitol grounds, where they crown her "queen of the May."

Pleasanton Porter has been three times elected chief of the Creeks and is a wealthy man. He is well educated and says his daughter shall have as good and thorough an education as money can buy.

The Prison Bird.

The prison bird is found in Africa and gets its name from the fact that from the time the nest is made until the little birds are old enough to fly the mother bird is really a prisoner.

At nesting time the parent birds with their beaks make a hole in the bark of a hollow tree and then enter the tree and build their nest. When the nest is ready for occupancy, the mother bird settles herself in it, and her mate at once makes her a prisoner by "walling up" the entrance to the nest, leaving an opening just large enough for air and food to pass through.

The great African explorer David Livingstone watched the actions of these birds and in writing of them referred to the nest as a "prison" and the female bird as a "slave." She certainly is at the mercy of her mate for a time, but he treats her with unvarying kindness and attention. As soon as she is imprisoned he stations himself near the nest and becomes her faithful guardian. He brings her food at regular intervals and does not allow her to want for anything. Thus she gets on all right and really seems to thrive on her secluded life. Should, however, any accident befall the male bird so that he would be kept from looking after the needs of the mother bird she and her little ones would die for want of food.

When nesting time is over, the male bird destroys the barrier with his beak and sets his family free. Says Dr. Livingstone, "It is interesting to witness the joy with which the little prisoners greet the light and the unknown world."

No Noise, Please.

"What is the matter with you, boys?
So very still you keep."
"Oh, hush!" said Robert; "make no noise,
For Willie's foot's asleep."

Didn't Understand "Choochoo" Talk.

Two-year-old Harold had never been accustomed to hear "baby talk." One day when he was calling with his mother the lady of the house, thinking to amuse the child, pointed out a steam engine standing on a railroad track not far from the house.

"Do you see the choochoo, baby?" she said.

The little man looked first at her, then at the engine, with a troubled look on his little face; then he asked gravely:

"Do you mean the locomotive?"

A Queer Little Woman.

There's a queer little, dear little woman,
The smallest in all the town,
With her tiny green head, her bodice of red
And her cream colored, wrinkled gown.

Her household hangings are velvet,
Crimson and blue and gold,
And a mild perfume fills her wee, wee room
With more sweets than it can hold.

But I pity this poor little woman,
Though her home with beauty is rife,
For through cold and heat, with imprisoned feet,
She must stay there all her life.

"Who is this strange little creature?"
I'll whisper it low in your ear.
Pull the petals apart from a pansy's heart;
You will find her there, my dear.

—Emma C. Dowd.

A Successful Humbug.

When Barnum's "Greatest Show on Earth" traveled throughout the United States on its annual tour, visiting every city of 40,000 inhabitants or more, it covered an area of nearly 3,000,000 square miles and even then appealed to a population of less than 60,000,000. Tody Hamilton once told me that over 90,000,000 tickets had been sold for this show. Of Barnum's autobiography and his "Humbugs of the World" and "Lion Jack" it is said 1,000,000 copies have been sold. Though not a humbug, Barnum was the prince of humbuggers. He began his career as showman by exhibiting Washington's nurse, Joyce Heth, setting her age down at 161 years. Who else would have had the nerve to do that? He made $1,500 a week out of this piece of humbuggery. When Joyce died, a post mortem proved that Barnum had added 80 years to her age.—New York Press.

The Orator.

Colonel Higginson says: "The works of public speaking begin with the audience. They imply contact; they are electric; they represent a circuit, established between man and man. From the face of the audience the speaker draws partly what he says. One of the most accomplished women I ever knew used to say that she did not know which really taught us most about a person—to know everything that he had ever done, to read everything he had ever written or the first glance at his face. There was a wonderful amount of truth in that statement. There is something in the personal contact which gives the power and the advantage to public speaking."

Ballad of the Modern Play.

When folk in this enlightened age
Fare gayly forth to view the play,
They see, adapted for the stage,
The book they finished yesterday.
Beneath the dramatiser's sway
Its characters to being spring;
They speak and move in lifelike way;
The acted novel is the thing.

"Rivals" now lack patronage,
And dead is that romantic day
When melodrama was the rage
And heavy villains sought to slay,
But villainy is in decay,
And melodrama's had its fling;
Its reign is o'er, the critics say;
The acted novel is the thing.

The enterprising author sags
Evolves a taking theme which may
The minds of managers engage
And lead to contracts sure to pay.
A hero, skeptic of blase,
Perchance may fame and fortune bring
When advertised with much display;
The acted novel is the thing.

ENVOI

Oh, shade of Shakespeare, wisely stay
Where Avon's stream goes wandering,
Lest you discover with dismay
The acted novel is the thing.

—Jennie Betts Hartswick in Life.

Prevented A Tragedy.

Timely information given Mrs. George Long, of New Straitsville, Ohio, prevented a dreadful tragedy and saved two lives. A frightful cough had long kept her awake every night. She had tried many remedies and doctors but steadily grew worse until urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle wholly cured her, and she writes this marvelous medicine also cured Mr. Long of a severe attack of Pneumonia. Such cures are positive proof of the matchless merit of this grand remedy for curing all throat, chest and lung troubles. Only 50c and $1 00. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottles 10 cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

Purify the Blood

By taking the old reliable Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.), cures ulcers, scorfula, eczema, pimples, itching skin, aching bones, boils, carbuncles. If you are all run down take B. B. B. It will give life, vigor and strength to the blood. B. B. B. makes the blood pure and rich. Druggists, $1. Trial treatment free, by writing Blood Balm, Co., Atlanta, Ga.

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

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It will be one of the most beautiful examples of high class journalism ever presented to the public.

It Will Be Issued on Sunday, March 31.

It will include about forty pages of beautiful color and half-tone.

ART AND LITERATURE will combine to make this number attractive and interesting. It will be a number to look forward to, to enjoy and to preserve.

IT WILL CONTAIN many special Easter features in prose and picture.

ORDER AT ONCE

THE GREATEST EASTER HERALD. OUT MARCH 31.

mar 22 3t

THE LATEST AS TO NERVES AND STRENGTH

It is not muscle so much as the nerves back of muscle which show one's strength and power of endurance. And the study with able physicians of to-day is how to keep the nerves in perfect health and fitted for the strain of everyday living. Headache of every type, nerve weakness, dyspepsia, sleeplessness, languor, restlessness, nervous dyspepsia, muscular weakness, brain weariness, poor circulation—a thousand different unpleasant feelings and symptoms are due to nerve waste and nerve weakness,—especially in women and children. But how can all this be prevented, one will ask? How can my broken down constitution be repaired, and nerve strength and full, robust health be secured. Just two points to remember: Determine that you will grow strong in nerves and health, and decide to use at once that most famous nerve cure, CELERIN. It is delicious in taste, quick in action and makes the wearied nerves tingle with renewed strength and every function the stronger and faculty the brighter by its use. Druggists sell it.

50 cents: or sent by

The Carrollton Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.

TO ANY ADDRESS ON RECEIPT OF MONEY. WRITE US ABOUT IT.

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm

cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

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JAPANESE PILE CURE

A New and Complete Treatment, consisting of SUPPOSITORIES, Capsules of Ointment and two Boxes of Ointment. A never failing Cure for Piles of every nature and degree. It makes an operation with the knife or injections of carbolic acid, which are painful and seldom a permanent cure, and often resulting in death, unnecessary. Why endure this terrible disease? We Pack a Written Guarantee in each $1 Box. You only pay for benefits received. 50c. and $1 a box, 6 for $5. Sent by mail.

JAPANESE PILE OINTMENT, 25c. a Box.

CONSTIPATION Cured. Piles Prevented, by Japanese Liver Pellets the great LIVER and STOMACH REGULATOR and BLOOD PURIFIER. Small, mild and pleasant to take, especially adapted for children's use. 50 Doses 25 cents. NOTICE.—The Genuine fresh Japanese Pile Cure for sale only by

nov 13 1y R. R. BELLAMY, Agent.

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To a Southerner Means A New Experience.

For descriptive pamphlets: About Banff, Lakes in the Woods, Yoho Valley, Takakkaw Falls, and Glacier. Write to F. W. HUNTINGTON, Southern agent, Canadian Pacific Railway, No. 8 N. Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga. tu th sa mar 5 1y

D. O'CONNOR,

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.

Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved property. nov 1 tf

Gaylord's BIG STORE.

Miss Alma Brown and myself have just returned from the Northern markets where she has been with me helping me select all the newest and prettiest things in Dress Goods and Millinery. She selecting the styles and patterns in the newest weaves, while I stood by looking out for the prices I can promise the trade and my customers that I am prepared to show the largest and best line of Dress Goods from the cheapest to the best, beginning with Organdies 27 inches wide at 4c a yard. Elegant patterns in Percales at 5c a yard. One hundred pieces yard wide Percales, including solid colors and all the prettiest shades—my regular 10c grade now on sale at 7½c yard—my 12½c line I will sell for 10c; some few patterns I still ask 12½c for. In White Goods I have some special things—20 pieces White India Linens, open fold worth 8c; I will sell at special price of 5c a yard. I have splendid book-fold Linens from 7c to 20c a yard. We have about 20 patterns of 3 yards each in Silks fine for Drapery, the regular price of which is 10½c wholesale. I will now sell them at 10c yard, 30c a piece. Also 20 pieces Fancy Drapery Tickings, goods worth 40c per yard; I will now sell them for 21c yard or 60c a pattern, only in 3 yard lengths. We have nine pieces French Flannels, for Waists, goods sold last Fall for 69c close, now you can have them for 39c per yard. Five styles fine Wash Silks for waists, regular price 50c per yard, my price 38c. Three hundred yards beautiful Taffeties in light shades, Pinks, Light Blue, White and Red, regular price 50c, my price 39c. In Crepons, I bought twenty pieces, closed out from Arnold, Constable & Co., imported goods 44 inches wide, goods they sold for $1 60 per yard. I have ten styles 44 inches wide, worth $1 25, I will now sell for 69c a yard. Ten styles 48 inches wide, worth $1 60 wholesale, I will sell for 98c a yard. One piece elegant silk warp Henrietta I will sell for $1.25 per yard. Bought thirty pieces Mullhouse Organdies, regular retail price is 25c, wholesale price is 20c. I bought these in a job from Arnold, Constable & Co., and now can sell them for 14c a yard. Millinery—In this line we will soon be able to announce the date of our opening. We promise the ladies of the city of Wilmington and surrounding country that we will be able to show them the grandest display of fine Millinery and the largest and best assorted stock, the newest and most up-to-date goods and at prices just one half regular milliner's prices. In Ladies' and Misses' Walking Hats for early Spring wear, made of beautiful Split Jap Braid, in white and assorted colors, ready trimmed with bon made of Silk. Hats that are new and pretty and sell everywhere for $1 00, and light as a feather, my price 58c. We have purchased large stock of Men's and Boys' clothing. A big stock of Men's and Boys' wide and narrow Straw Hats worth 25c for 10c each. Thirty dozen Men's, Boys' and Misses' Caps in all colors at 10c each. A big line of Ladies' Shirt waists—Pleated fronts at 50c each. Ready-made Skirts—Everything from Crash Skirts at 25c each up to Silk Skirts at $1. Our Store covers 19,200 feet of floor room and is absolutely packed with bargains in Dry Goods. Come to see us and bring this ad and get your card punched with every cash purchase.

GEO. O. GAYLORD, Prop.

— OF —

Wilmington's Big Racket Store,

208 and 210 North Front Street.

mar 17 tf

Durham Telephone Manufacturing Co.,

DURHAM, N. C.

Manufacturers of High Grade Telephones AND TELEPHONE EQUIPMENT.

The Telephone Trade is becoming every day more educated to the fact, that the very best 'Phones only, will pay in the long run.

We make a grade of Telephones that never disappoint, because we exercise great care and use superior judgment and the very best material.

We construct the most superior Switchboard upon the market, simple in construction and rapidly operated.

We solicit the patronage of purchasers who are looking for apparatus in which every detail in construction, has been perfected, and in which design, workmanship and speaking qualities are of the highest grade.

OUR TERMS: We sell our TELEPHONES with an ABSOLUTE GUARANTEE that they are as GOOD AS THE BEST we FURTHER GUARANTEE that our prices are as LOW AS THE LOWEST, for TELEPHONES of equal merits.

When in need of TELEPHONES please write us, and we will take pleasure in sending you a sample TELEPHONE EXPRESS CHARGES PREPAID for your inspection.

We are fully satisfied that we can please you, both in style and price, if you will give us the opportunity.

Trusting that we may be favored with your orders, we beg to remain

Very truly yours,

DURHAM TELEPHONE MANUFACTURING CO.,

feb 8 tf DURHAM, N. C.

All we ask is that you just try one of these

Buck Stoves and Ranges. If they do not please you better than any you have ever used, we will take same back without expense to you. We also have a full line of Buck Heating Stoves; and last but not least, the wonderful Comfort Heater. "Great Goods These."

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

now 17 tf

The Good Old Quaker

Once said to his little boys:

"Nathan, it is not what thee reads that makes thee smart; it is not what thee eats that makes thee fat; nor what thee earns that makes thee rich, but what thee SAVES.

This saving habit may be acquired through the steady use of a savings account in our bank.

THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS & TRUST CO.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.

mar 5 tf C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.

These Desiring Good Stock of Poultry

Will do well to call at Davis' Livery Stables and inspect his Poultry yards. We can furnish Eggs for setting, from the following different breed of Fowls

Buff Cochin, Barred Plymouth Rocks, Yellow and White, and Brown Leghorns, Black Minorcas and White Plymouth Rocks.

GAME—War-Horse, Duck Wing Grays, Brown Reds, Jeys and Flurry eyed.

DUCK—Black Cayuga, White Peking and White Muscaro.

GEESE—Pola'd Geese, Pit-Eglish of all kinds.

PEAFOWLS.

S. J. DAVIS,

208-210 Market street.

Both 'Phones 194. mar 19 tf

Old Glory and War Eagle CHEROOTS

Are among the best Cheroots on the market and we are agents for Wilmington territory. Try them.

ALSO

1,656 Kegs Nails and more coming.
450 Bags Shot.
500 Boxes Soap.

Several splendid deals on this article.

Two thousand Barrels Flour.
Fifty thousand Pounds Meat.

Get our prices

D. L. CORE CO,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

mar 5 tf Wilmington, N. C.

There Is Nothing Just as Good

nor anything that will cure La Grippe, Croup, Cough and Colds as quickly as Rice's Goose Grease Liniment. No Cure, No Pay.

nov 13 6m

DR. OTTO'S SPRUCE GUM BALSAM CURES COUGHS AND COLDS.

Dr. OTTO'S SPRUCE GUM BALSAM CURES COUGHS, COLDS AND ALL LUNG TROUBLES

This remedy is a strictly scientific compound of peculiar virtue. The MOST STUBBORN COUGHS not only immediately yield to this remedy, but are speedily and

PERMANENTLY CURED.

Price, 25 and 50 Cents.

For sale by H. R. BELLAMY. an 13 6m sa tu th Druggist.

Bowdlear's Floor Wax.

BOWDLEAR'S FLOOR WAX.

PATENTED.

If you cannot obtain this Wax in your own town, we will send you prepaid, the quantity you may require, on receipt of 50 cts. per pound. Payable in stamps.

Pulverized, For Dancing Floors; will not ball on the feet; will not soil the clothing. All ready.

Anybody can apply it.

The floor must be clean and free from oil. Sprinkle, and the dancers will do the rest. Put up in pound packages.

One pound is sufficient for a floor space of 10,000 square feet, and if not wasted will be found to go four times as far as anything else on the market.

No Dust is Another Favorable Feature.

Samples Sent on Request.

W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO.,

149 Pearl Street. - - Boston, Mass.

dec 8 6m tu th sa

FLORIDA WEST INDIA SHORT LINE

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa, Atlanta, New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect Feb. 24th, 1901.

TRAIN 41 Leaves Wilmington at 3:30 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:31 P. M., Pembroke 5:50 P. M., Maxton 6:13 P. M., Hamlet 7:30 P. M., Wadesboro 8:45 P. M., Monroe 9:45 P. M., Charlotte 10:45 P. M., Athens, Ga., 4:08 A. M., Atlanta 8:30 A. M.

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points. Connects at Hamlet with train No 27 for Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and other Florida points; also with train 44 for Raleigh, Petersburg, Portsmouth and Norfolk, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore and New York. Other trains leave Hamlet as follows: Train No. 81 for Columbia and points South at 7:05 A. M. Train No. 38 for Monroe, Charlotte, Lincolnton, Shelby and Rutherfordton, Athens, Atlanta and all points southwest at 8:45 A. M. Train No. 66 for Raleigh, Norfolk and points North at 9:20 A. M. Train No. 66 for Raleigh, Richmond and points North at 9:20 A. M.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

TRAIN 38 Leaves Hamlet at 8:20 A. M., arrives Maxton 9:05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:55 A. M., Wilmington 12:05 noon. This train takes passengers at Hamlet from train No. 31 (Florida Limited) leaving Richmond at 10:40 P. M. and arriving at Hamlet at 6:45 A. M.; from train No. 408 leaving Norfolk at 9:00 P. M., arriving at Hamlet at 6:45 A. M.; from train No. 38 leaving Atlanta at 9:00 P. M. and Charlotte at 5:00 A. M., arriving at Hamlet at 7:50 A. M.

Other trains arrive at Hamlet as follows: Train 409 from Atlanta, Rutherfordton, Shelby, Lincolnton, Charlotte and Monroe at 9:20 P. M.; train No. 41 from Portsmouth at 8:05 P. M.; train No. 27 from Richmond and points North at 7.50 P. M.; train No. 44 from Columbia and points South at 9:00 P. M., and train No. 66 from Columbia and points South at 9:00 A. M.

For tickets, sleepers, etc., apply to Thos. D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

H. E. L. BUNCH, General Passenger Agent.

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST.			GOING WEST.	
No 5 Pass'g'r Trains		STATIONS.	No 4 Pass'g'r Trains	
Arrive	Leave		Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 40	Goldsboro.....	11 05	.....
.....	4 20	Kinston.....	10 12	.....
5 40	5 50	Newbern.....	8 37	9 00
7 02	7 07	Morehead City.	7 02	7 07
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 6 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.25 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 5 connects with Southern Railway train arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.20 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 23 tf E. L. DILL, Sup't.

CAKE AND CAKES

That please the eye and taste good, are usually made of the purest materials and by expert bakers. We endeavor to demonstrate these facts in our bake shop by using none but the choicest materials, and employing men of thorough knowledge of the art and long, practical experience.

We make Lady Fingers, Macaroons, Fancy Cakes of various kinds, Angel, Pound and Raised Loaf cakes; Birthday, Anniversary and Wedding Cakes, plain or ornamented, in any design you wish.

We suggest that you send us a trial order.

Andrew Mavronichels,

119 Market street.

feb 16 tf 708 North Fourth street.

Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co.

Schedule In Effect March 4, 1901.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.10 A. M., Warsaw 11.34 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.19 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.48 P. M., Tarboro 4.31 P. M., Weldon 4.55 P. M., Petersburg 6.05 P. M., Richmond 7.20 P. M., Norfolk 8.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M. Baltimore 1.09 A. M., Philadelphia 3.52 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 P. M., Warsaw 8.43 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 0.46 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.03 P. M., Weldon 1.30 A. M., †Norfolk 10.05 A. M., Petersburg 3.10 A. M., Richmond 4.00 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.00 A. M., Philadelphia 10.32 A. M. New York 1.00 P. M., Boston 4.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 3.35 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.14 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.58 P. M., Chadbourn 5.30 P. M., Marion 6.40 P. M., Florence 7.05 P. M., Sumter 9 12 P. M., Columbia 10.36 P. M., Denmark 8.55 A. M. Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M., Charleston 10.55 P. M., Savannah 2.45 A. M., Jacksonville 6.30 A. M., St. Augustine 11.10 A. M., Tampa 6.45 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A. M. No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.05 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.00 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston *1.00 P. M., New York *2.25 P. M. Philadelphia 10.20 A. M., Baltimore 0.55 A. M., Washington 4.40 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 9.43 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.30 P. M., Warsaw 4.22 P. M., Magnolia 4.35 P. M.

DAILY 9.20 A. M. No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 3.55 A. M., Philadelphia 11.35 A. M., Baltimore 1.46 P. M., Washington 3.12 P. M., Richmond 6.57 P. M., Petersburg 7 45 P. M., †Norfolk 3.00 P. M., Weldon 9.10 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 9.15 A. M. Leave Wilson 5.57 A. M., Goldsboro 6.45 A. M., Warsaw 7.36 A. M., Magnolia 7.51 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.00 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.25 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.50 A. M., Sanford 2.00 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.30 A. M., Charleston 6.45 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M. Macon 2.00 A. M., Augusta 9.30 P. M., Denmark 4.29 P. M., Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.55 P. M., Florence 9.55 A. M., Marion 10.35 A. M., Chadbourn 11.41 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.12 P. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 7.25 P. M. No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 3.05 P. M. arrive Fayetteville 4.20 P. M., leave Fayetteville 4.30 P. M.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.05 A. M. Maxton 8.05 A. M., Red Springs 9.51 A. M., Parkton 10.41 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 11.10 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.45 P. M., Hope Mills 5.00 P. M., Red Springs 5.43 P. M. Maxton 6.16 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 75, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 9.17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10 18 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.55 P. M., Halifax 4.17 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.27 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.53 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.15 A. m., Weldon 11.39 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.33 A. M. and 5.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11 00 A. M and 7.30 P. M Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C. daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10 10 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, daily except Sunday, 5.00 A. M.; arriving Smithfield, N. C., 6.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 8.35 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M. 5.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.30 A. M., 4.08 P. M., Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.35 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.20 A. M., 4.58 P. M. Nashville 11.45 A. M., 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M. 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 11.40 A. M. and 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 6.45 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.13 A. M., arrive Latta 10.31 A. M., Dillon 10.42 A. M., Clowland 10.58 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.06 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.22 P. M., Latta 6.42 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Chadbourn 11.50 A. M.; arrive Conway 1.30 P. M.; returning leave Conway 3.40 P. M. arrive Chadbourn 5.20 P M, leave Chadbourn 7.00 A. M.; arrive Kirod 10.25 A M., returning leave Kirod 5.35 P M, arrive Chadbourn 8.35 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 7.35 P. M., Manning 8.04 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.43 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.02 A. M., Manning 8.47 A. M.; arrive Sumter 10.55 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 8.40 A. M., *7.00 P. M., arrive Georgetown 10 A. M., *8.30 P. M.; leave Georgetown 6.30 A. M.; *4.15 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.00 A. M.; *5.35 P. M.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.19 A. M., arrive 3.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 12.38 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 5.00 P. M.; arrive Darlington 6.26 P. M. Bennettsville 9.24 P. M., Gibson 10.30 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.50 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 5.50 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 7.51 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 8.09 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.59 P. M., 10.40 P. M., arrive Selma 4.46 P. M. 11.18 P. M., Smithfield 5.02 P. M., Dunn 5.40 P. M., Fayetteville 6.25 P. M., 12.32 A. M.,

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 23.

THE MOVEMENT OF COTTON.

Secretary Hester's Statement—Receipts, Stocks and Exports—The World's Visible Supply.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, March 22.—Secretary Hester's New Orleans Exchange statement, issued to-day, shows the movement into sight compared with the seven days ending this date last year in round figures, 23,000 bales increase.

For the twenty-two days of March the total shows an increase over last year of 46,000 bales. For the 203 days of the season that have elapsed the aggregate is ahead of the 203 days of last year 577 000. The amount brought into sight during the past week has been 155,037 against 132,655 for the seven days ending this date last year, and for the 22 days of March it has been 490 594 against 444,387 last year. The movement since September 1st shows receipts at all United States ports 6,283,465 against 5 965 383 last year; overland across the Mississippi, Ohio and Potomac rivers to Northern mills and Canada 947 473 against 1,090,731 last year; interior stocks in excess of those at the close of the commercial year 539,105 against 113,448 last year; Southern mill takings 970,473 against 994,123 last year.

Foreign exports for the week have been 99,588 against 162,646 last year.

Northern mill takings and Canada during the past seven days show an increase of 1,209 as compared with the corresponding period last year. In cluding stocks left over at ports and interior towns from the crop and the number of bales brought into sight the supply to date is 8,868,050 against 8,782,582 for the same period last year.

The Visible Supply.

NEW ORLEANS, March 22.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton shows the total visible is 4,018,383 against 3,606,289 last year.

Of this the the total amount of American cotton is 2,990,383 against 2 892,289 last year and of all other kinds, including, Egypt, Brazil, India, etc., 1,028,000 bales against 716,000 last year.

TRADE IS STILL ACTIVE.

Bradstreet's Review of the Situation—Unfavorable Advices from the South Result of Decline in Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 22.—*Bradstreet* to-morrow will say:

Trade is still active, though perhaps not so buoyant as in weeks past, partly owing to the natural subsidence of the spring demand wholesale and partly because of the interruption to demand and shipments by snow and rain storms in the northern half of the country. From the South the first distinctly unfavorable advices received for some time past come as a result of the heavy and continued decline in the price of cotton. Trade comparisons with earlier years favor the present season, as may be gathered from the exceptionally good railway earnings, and the enormous increase in clearings, some of which are no doubt explained by the preparations for large financial operations and the bullish speculation in stocks, which has resulted in new price records for many securities. South western advices are especially cheerful, and farmers in that section hope to repeat or even improve upon the good results of last year.

Textiles are still the sore spot in the trade situation. Cotton is ⅛c lower on the week, 2⅛c below the top of the rise last year, and 1⅛c below a year ago. For the first time in months the Southern trade advices are depressed. Cotton goods are depressed and price cutting is the rule, but signs of improvement are to be found in the agreement of Fall River mills to run half time for the next two months and thus keep 500,000 pieces of print cloths off the market.

Failures for the week in the United States number 231, as against 207 last week, 192 in this week a year ago, 182 in 1899, 215 in 1892 and 221 in 1897. Canadian failures number 44 against 38 last week, 32 in this week a year ago, 33 in 1899, 28 in 1898 and 40 in 1887.

THE CHINESE INDEMNITY.

Two Hundred Million Dollars Considered the Maximum Amount That Should Be Levied by the Powers.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—Further inquiry into the Chinese indemnity question makes it appear that the sum of $200,000,000, which our government considers the maximum that should be levied upon the Chinese as a tax, represents absolutely the limit of Chinese ability, according to the calculations of the officials best informed as to the resources of China. The figure named does not represent the aggregate of the indemnities claimed. On the contrary, it is understood that these are very much larger. The United States fixed upon the sum of $25,000,000 as a suitable indemnity to be claimed, notwithstanding that officials of the various departments are satisfied that this sum will only provide for the payment of a certain percentage of the items claimed, because it was felt that this was as much as we should claim proportionately of the total of $200,000,000. It is not the intention to divide this $200,000,000 into as many equal parts as there are Powers, but while dividing it into eight or ten parts, to see to it that these parts are so proportioned as to compensate the Powers in accordance with the outlay they have been put to in suppressing the Boxer troubles. This government would be willing to abate the $25,000,000 claim if the other Powers would reduce their claims in the same proportion. But although in grave doubt whether China can pay more than $200,000,000, our government feels itself bound to secure compensation for its citizens and itself to the same extent as is secured by other Powers.

A Boston dispatch says: Thomas W. Lawson announces the arrangement of a race between Cresceus, Charlie Herr and Boralma at Readville in September for a $50,000 stake; all gate receipts to go to charity.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

TERMS REJECTED BY THE BOERS.

Details of the Negotiations Between General Botha and Lord Kitchener.

BOTHA ANXIOUS FOR PEACE.

British Demanded a Complete Surrender. That All Burghers Give Up Arms and Ammunition and Take Oath to the King of Great Britain.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, March 23.—The parliamentary papers giving details of the negotiations between the Boer commander in chief, General Botha, and Lord Kitchener, commanding the British forces in South Africa, issued to day, begin with a telegram from Sir Alfred Milner to Colonial Secretary Chamberlain. The dispatch is dated Pretoria, February 22nd, and states that Mrs. Botha has returned from a meeting with her husband, bringing a letter in reply to Sir Alfred Milner's verbal message offering to meet Gen. Botha as a means to ending the war, on the express understanding that he would not discuss the independence of the Transvaal and Orange River Colony. Mrs. Botha assured Sir Alfred Milner that the letter was written with that point clearly understood.

General Botha referred the matter to his generals, and it was stated that the meeting would probably take place at Middleburg.

Mr. Chamberlain replied that he was glad to hear of General Botha's desire to treat, and hoped it was genuine. "He will find us," said the colonial secretary, "anxious to meet him on all points affecting his individual position."

Interview With Botha.

A dispatch from Lord Kitchener to the War Office, dated Pretoria, February 28th, reports a long interview with General Botha, who showed very good feeling and seemed anxious for peace. He asked for information, which he said he would submit to his government, the generals and the people. If they agreed, he would visit the Orange River Colony and get them to agree. Should all then hand in their arms, it would finish the war. He said they could go on for some time, and he was not sure he would be able to bring about peace without independence. "I decline to discuss such a point," said Lord Kitchener, and said a modified form of independence would be most dangerous and would lead to war in the future. Replying to General Botha's inquiries I informed him that when hostilities ceased the military would be replaced by a crown colony administration, consisting of a nominated executive and an elected assembly to advise him, followed after a period by a representative government. The Boers would be licensed to have rifles to protect themselves against the natives, the Dutch and English languages were to have equal rights, Kaffirs would not have the franchise until after the representative government had been granted, the Orange Free State laws for Kaffirs would be considered good, church property, public trusts and orphan funds would not be touched, no war tax would be imposed on farmers, assistance would be even given to repair the burned farms and to enable the farmers to start afresh, and colonists who had joined the republic should be disfranchised.

General Botha generally seemed satisfied with these conditions.

On March 3rd Sir Alfred Milner cabled to Lord Kitchener suggesting the following replies to General Botha.

Terms of Amnesty.

"I beg to inform you that on the cessation of hostilities and the complete surrender of arms, ammunition, cannons and munitions in the hands of the Burghers in the field at government depots and elsewhere, his Majesty's government is prepared at once to grant amnesty in the Transvaal and Orange River Colony for all bona fide acts of war during the hostilities, as well as to move the government of Cape Colony and Natal to similar action, qualified by the disfranchisement of any British subjects implicated in the war. The military prisoners in St. Helena, Ceylon and elsewhere, on complete surrender, shall be brought back to their country. Military law shall at once be replaced by a civil administration, but it is the desire of his Majesty's government as soon as circumstances will permit to, establish a representative government. On the cessation of hostilities, a high court, independent of the executive, shall be established to administer the laws. Land, church property, trusts and orphan funds shall be respected. The English and Dutch languages shall be taught in the public schools and allowed in the law courts. The legal debts of the state to the amount of £1,000,000 shall be paid, even if contracted during hostilities, to the extent a creditor proves he has given value. The government does not intend to extend the franchise to Kaffirs in the Transvaal and Orange River Colony before a representative government is granted.

Milner's Modifications.

The conditions regarding assistance to the farmers, firearms, etc., are the same as those in Lord Kitchner's replies to General Botha. Sir Alfred Milner adds that he agrees to the above, except as to the desire for modification regarding British subjects in Cape Colony and Natal in the Boer army, who if they returned to those colonies, will be liable to be dealt with under the laws of those colonies passed to meet circumstances arising in war. He added:

"While I am willing to concede much in order to strengthen General Botha in inducing the people to submit, amnesty for the rebels is not, in my opinion, a point which his Majesty's government can afford to concede. I think it would have a deplorable effect upon Cape Colony and Natal."

Mr. Chamberlain, in a reply dated March 6th directs Lord Kitchener to modify the terms on a number of points. Eventually Lord Kitchener reported to the war office, under date of Pretoria, March 20th, that he had written General Botha the terms the government was prepared to adopt. They were the same as already given except in the following particulars:

"The government cannot undertake any liabilities regarding the debts of the late republics, but is prepared, as an act of grace, to set aside a million pounds to repay the inhabitants for goods requisitioned by the republican governments. If the claims after adjustment exceed £1,000,000, they are liable to reduction pro rata. The Kaffir franchise when given shall be so limited as to secure a just predominance of the white race. The legal position of the colored inhabitants will be similar to that now held by them in Cape Colony."

Gen. Botha's Reply.

On March 16th Lord Kitchener received General Botha's acknowledgement of the receipt of the letter. "I had advised my government," wrote General Botha, "of your excellency's letter, but after mutual exchange of views in our interview at Middleburg, February 28th, it will certainly not surprise your excellency to know that I do not feel disposed to recommend the terms of said letter, but they shall have the earnest consideration of my government. I may add that my government and my chief officers here entirely agree with my views."

A SENSATIONAL SHOOTING.

Alexander Dingwall, Manager of the Broadway Theatre, New York City, Shot by Robt H. Moulton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 22.—A highly sensational shooting took place early this morning in the rathskeller of the Pabst hotel, corner of Broadway and Forty-second street. Robert Haden Moulton, a young ex student of architecture, and more recently a man about town, wanted by the police for the passing of bogus checks, was the assailant, a young woman now playing in the melodrama, "The Price of Peace," at the Broadway theatre, was the target at which he shot, and Alexander W. Dingwall, manager of the theatre, was the victim. Dingwall is now in the Roosevelt hospital with a bullet in his back. His wound is not a dangerous one.

The accounts of the affair vary to a considerable degree. The most accredited version was that Miss May Buckley with Mr. Dingwall, John D Leffingwell and Miss Buckley's aunt, were sitting in a booth, known to the frequenters of the cellar as the "officers quarters," when Moulton, who had been drinking or partaking of morphine, or both, appeared before them and began to abuse the party, and to use profane language, his insults being directed largely toward the actress. His words were resented, and he whipped out a 32 calibre revolver and began to discharge it. He fired five shots in all, only four of which took effect in any quarter. Only one did any damage, the shot which pierced Mr. Dingwall's back.

The motive for the shooting is not very clear. It was believed at first that Moulton was suffering from a bad case of infatuation and jealousy, either for Miss Buckley or for Miss Minnie Seligman of the same company, and that he mistook Miss Buckley for Miss Seligman when he saw her in the rathskeller. Subsequently, when the testimony of numerous witnesses could be secured, it became apparent that Moulton was suffering so badly from drugs or alcoholic stimulation, or both, that he had no fixed idea in firing the shots. He was held in $5 000 bail and his examination was set for Monday.

After Moulton had been locked up, Detective Traynor said he had been looking for Moulton since February 8th. On that date, he said, Moulton called upon Dr James E. Newcomb, of this city, and had him cash a check for $30. Dr. Newcomb, Detective Traynor said, has received a number of letters from Chicago, Sing Sing Elmira, Boston and Buffalo, saying that Moulton had engaged in swindling operations in the cities named, where he had secured sums ranging from $30 to $175. The detective said he would arrest Moulton on these charges if he should free himself of his present trouble. It is claimed by the police that Moulton has supported himself for two years by swindling.

PLOTS AGAINST THE CZAR.

New Precautions Are Taken—The Secret Police No Longer Trust the Highest in the Court.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

BERLIN, March 22.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the *Cologne Volks Zlitung*, under date of March 17th, forwards by mail news to the effect that there is evidence in St Petersburg of the existence of plots against the authorities. He asserts that sums of money are being distributed to the factory hands in St. Petersburg and vicinity to induce them to join the disaffected students. It has not been learned there whence this money comes, but indications point to high sources of the court. The fact is, the correspondent continues, the secret police no longer trust even the highest entourage of the Czar. New precautions for the protection of the Czar's life have been taken; namely, a mechanism which allows no one to open the doors of the room in which the Czar happens at the moment to be. The Czar now has five desks in his study, which he uses one after the other. The walls of the Czar's study and bed room are lined with sheet armor. The correspondent finds that evidence of the new plots was general. Orders were given Saturday night to keep all the troops in St. Petersburg ready. Sunday, the police were distributed in force on all the main streets of the city. The military commander of St. Petersburg, M. Kleights, received a number of warnings.

The Berliner *Tageblatt* prints a special dispatch from St Petersburg, by way of Lemberg, to the effect that the Karpovitch investigation has revealed a great plot, similar to the Nihilistic conspiracy, with Kieff as a center, the main branch at Odessa and ramifications extending to the lowest strata of society. The plan was to make an attempt on the life of the Czar, who was thereupon removed to Gatchina. Eighteen students are closely confined at Schlusselberg because they were affiliated with the murder of M. Bogolhepoff.

BOERS STILL ACTIVE.

Daily Skirmishes in Cape Colony—Gen. DeWet's Commandoes.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

CAPE TOWN, March 22.—The Boer raiders in the eastern part of Cape Colony are, with the exception of almost daily skirmishes, keeping out of the reach of the British. Colonel Scovel engaged Commandant Fousche and Commandant Malan near Blaawkranz, March 20th. Three British were killed and four wounded, and four Boers were killed. The number of Boers wounded has not been ascertained. Commandant Kritzinger is marching steadily northward.

It is officially reported that General DeWet's commandos have been broken up for the present. This is probably to give the men a rest.

BLOEMFONTEIN, March 22.—The result of the combined movements against General Fourie near Thaba N'Chu, was the capture of 200 Boers, 140 000 sheep, 5 000 horses and a host of cattle. The Boers broke southward to the right and left.

It saved His Leg.

P A Danforth, of LaGrange, Ga., suffered intelesly for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg, but writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured it in ten days. For Ulcers, Wounds, Burns, Boils, Pain or Piles it's the best salve the world. Cure guarentsed. Only 25c Sold by Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist.

TROUBLE BETWEEN JAPAN AND RUSSIA.

The Integrity of the Chinese Empire the Main Point at Issue.

APPREHENSION AS TO COREA.

All Japan Wants Is a Free Hand—Will Have the Moral Support of Great Britain and Germany and Perhaps the United States.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, March 22.—The Foreign Office takes a pessimistic view of the immediate future in the Far East, in spite of the settlement of the Tien Tsin incident, and entertains grave fears that the relations between Japan and Russia may shortly reach the danger point.

Judging from information obtained in various official quarters in London, Japan has confided to at least some of the Powers her determination to oppose at all costs any secret agreement made between Russia and China, by which the former could secure territorial or other advantages contiguous to Corea.

The British government has received no official confirmation that the Japanese fleet in mobilizing, but it would not be surprised to learn that such were the facts. A highly placed British official said to a representative of the Associated Press to day:

"All Japan wants is a free hand against Russia. This she has got, so far as England and Germany are concerned, and, I presume, so far as the United States government is concerned, although I do not imagine for one moment that any of the Powers mentioned would be drawn into a war between Japan and Russia. If Japan sees nothing for it but to fight, she would have the moral support of objections committed to paper by at least two other Powers against secret treaties with China. That is all. But Japan seems to provide against interference."

Confirmation of the foregoing definition of the situation was afforded by the Japanese legation, who said in the course of an interview, "While rejoicing at the fact that England and Russia have reached a pacific settlement over the minor issue, the main question—the integrity of the Chinese empire—remains unsettled. In response to pressure brought by Japan and Russia, it was announced that Russia's secret treaties with China had been modified; but the terms have been withheld. Until we see the treaties, we will not be satisfied that the modification does not consist of words merely, without any alteration in the spirit. In this contention we believe other Powers will support us."

It appears that Great Britain would be quite willing to refer the whole Manchurian matter to arbitration on the lines of The Hague conference. The Tien Tsin siding affair is not considered important enough to be disposed of in this way, and it will immediately become a matter of diplomatic interchange between St. Petersburg and London.

Tien Tsin Dispute Settled.

BERLIN, March 22.—The war office has received the following from Count Von Waldersee:

"The Anglo Russi an dispute at Tien Tsin has been settled, from a military standpoint, in a manner satisfactory to both parties at a conference between Generals Wogack and Barrow. Both guards and posts have been withdrawn and salutes have been exchanged.

"The British declare that no offence to the Russian flag was intended and that the alleged removal of the Russian boundary marks was neither by the command nor with the knowledge of the military authorities.

"The work on the disputed land will not be continued until the governments have reached an agreement as to its possession or until a special understanding has been attained."

A DEAL IN MAY RIBS.

Purchases of More Than 5,000,000 Pounds Made by the Armour Interests.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, March 22.—Rumors were rife on the Board of Trade to day that Armour interests were engineering a a deal in May ribs that join fair to produce broader results than the persistently reported "squeeze" in May pork. The Armour purchases of May ribs during the day amounted to more than five million pounds, which is near the limit of the supply in the city available for delivery on May contracts. Under their active buying and covering by shorts the price advanced twenty-two cents over the quotations of the day before. It is said that there is little chance of an increase in the stock supply, which at present is about eight million pounds, between now and the end of May, owing to the active demand for meats, and that the large purchase of the Armour interests is the beginning of a "squeeze" in May pork, which will be generally felt in the pit.

FIRE AT GREENVILLE, MISS.

Cotton Compress, a Church and Other Buildings Burned—Loss $100,000

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

GREENVILLE, Miss., March 22—The Greenville cotton compress was burned to day together with 1,500 bales of cotton valued at $70,000. The compress was damaged to the extent of $15,000. The fire crossed the Yazoo and Mississippi valley railroad and destroyed the New Hope First Baptist church and then ate its way into Steel's alley, destroying in all seventeen tenement houses and most of the contents. The loss on the church and tenement houses added to the loss on the compress and cotton, runs the total to $100 000. Several people were badly burned, but none fatally.

TOTAL NET RECEIPTS OF COTTON.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 22.—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1st, 1900: Galveston, 1.730 347 bales; New Orleans, 2.600.066; Mobile, 122 090; Savannah, 928,078; Charleston, 239 477; Wilmington, 250.573; Norfolk, 340,773; Baltimore, 85,355; New York, 135,024; Boston, 177,549; Newport News, 18.119; Philadelphia, 18 247; Brunswick, 66,156; Port Arthur, 18.879 Pensacola, 110,413. Total, 6.243,145 bales.

The members of the New York Cotton Exchange have voted in favor of closing the exchange on Good Friday and the Saturday following.

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

TWO TRAINS WRECKED.

Collision on the L. & N Railroad--Engineer and a Fireman Killed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PENSACOLA, FLA., March 22.—Engineer Tobe Green, of Montgomery, and his fireman were killed and twenty cars were wrecked in a head on collision of freight trains half a mile north of Wilcox, on the Montgomery and Mobile division of the Louisville and Nashville road this morning. Both engines were badly damaged and several cars were smashed to splinters.

LYNCHING IN VIRGINIA.

Negro Charged With Incendiarism Shot to Death by a Mob.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., March 22.—A rumor which reached here last night of a lynching in Halifax county, has been confirmed.

A negro sent on for court by a magistrate on the charge of burning the stables of a Mr. DeJarnette, was taken by some fifty unknown men from a constable who was taking him to the county seat and shot to death. None of the mob could be identified.

Church Notices.

Bladen Street Methodist Church: Rev. J. J. Forcer will preach at 11 A. M., and at the evening service.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday School at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Southside Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets, Rev. R. H. Herring, pastor. Services 11 o'clock A. M. and 7 30 P. M. Sunday School at 3 P. M. Prayer meeting service every Wednesday night at 8 o'clock.

First Presbyterian Church: Divine service at 11 A. M. and 7 30 P. M., conducted by the pastor Rev. J. W. Wells. Sunday School at 3 45 P M. Prayer meeting every Thursday at 8 P. M. The public cordially invited.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. Alex. D. McClure pastor. Sabbath services at 11 A. M. and 7 45 P. M. Sabbath school at 3 30 P. M. Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday at 8 P. M. The public cordially invited. Seats free.

Religious services will be conducted at the Seamen's Bethel to-morrow (Sabbath) afternoon at 3 o'clock, by REV A. D. McClure, Seamen and rivermen are especially invited. All are welcome.

Brooklyn Baptist Church, corner Fourth and Brunswick streets. Rev. J. J. Payseur pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday school at 4.00 P. M. Weekly prayer and praise meeting Wednesday at 8 P. M. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to all services.

Fifth Street Methodist Church, situated on Fifth street between Nun and Church, Rev. John H. Hall pastor. Services on Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7 30 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7 30 o'clock. Sunday School Sunday afternoon at 3.00 o'clock. A cordial invitation extended to all.

Grace M. E. Church, corner of Grace and Fourth streets. Pastor, Rev. J. N. Cole. Services Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7 45 p. m. Sunday School, W H Cooper, supt., 3.30 p. m. Weekly prayer meeting Wednesday at 8.00 p. m. A cordial welcome to all. Visitors to the city especially invited. Seats free.

An Excellent Combination.

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation permanently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

For sale by all Druggists.—Price 50c. per bottle.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

The Wilmington Base Ball Association desires to secure board and lodging for the team. Central location desired. Address manager, P. O. Box 328. mar 23 1t

The Very finest Fish, Oysters, Game and Country Produce for sale daily. Jno. S. Harries Front street Market. Bell 'Phone 438. mar 1 tf

Special Prices—For this week we will cut prices on Ginger, Assorted Soda and Lemon Cakes, Mixed Stick and Fancy Candies Taylor made, Gypsie, Bachelor's Comfort, Hard Cash, Ripe Apple Hammer and Long Leaf Tobaccos. Call and see our prices before purchasing. T. D. Love, 114 North Water street. feb 19 tf

I Have opened a full line of Groceries and fancy Wines and Liquors at No 8 South second street, and wish the patronage of those in need of anything in my line. Dan Benton & Co. feb 8 tf

Buggies, Farm and Delivery Wagons, Carts, Drays Harness of all grades, Whips, Lap Robes, Blankets and Storm Covers at very low prices. Repairing of all kinds done. Black smith and Harness shops third street, opposite Court House. P. H Hayden. dec 30 tf

Piano and Organ Tuning and Repairing by people who know their business. The price may be a trifle more, but we guarantee satisfaction. Thirty-five years' experience in the business. Lyndon & Bates', S. H. H. 109 Market street; Bell 'Phone 566. oct 27 tf

Land for sale—We have desirable tracts of land for sale in counties of Robeson, Bladen, Pender, Columbus, N. C., and Horry and Marion, S. C. The Worth Co. oct 25 tf

Choice Timothy Hay, Clover Hay, Straw, fresh ground Meal, Pearl Hominy Flour, Grain and everything in the Feed line for horses, cows and chickens. John S. McEachern Sons, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 92. jy 8 tf

Apples, Peaches and Honey—I am receiving daily Apples, Peaches, Butter, Chickens, Eggs Bananas, Lemons Oranges, etc. Also, a nice lot of Block Honey now on hand. Persons wishing to buy or ship anything of the kind will do well to see or write me. A. S. Winstead, Commission Merchant, 113 and 115 North Second street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 1 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 9 tf

At the Unlucky Corner

and Brooklyn Branch.

"WHOOPING 'EM UP."

Overstocked on Raisins—you can get the benefit of it. We get the advertisement.

3 Crown L. L. Raisins 10c lb.

GET THERE ELI.

S. W. SANDERS.

mar 17 tf

We Sell for Cash.

For once just consider what these four words mean for you. They mean that we have no losses from bad accounts; no high priced bookkeeper to pay, and no expense for collecting. This all means we do business with less expense than is possible with a credit business, and that we can and will save you from 20 to 30 per cent. on all Goods bought from us.

New Spring Goods Just In.

Piques, Organdies Percales, Chambrays, Ginghams, Lawns, Dimities Silks, Laces, Embroideries, Children, Youth's and Men's Suits.

Sailor Hats, Shoes, Oxfords, etc., etc.

We cannot mention one-tenth the Goods we have, but wish you to call and we will take pleasure in showing you our stock.

Bargains, Bargains, Bargains.

MERCER & EVANS CO.

mar 17 tf 115 and 117 Princess street.

SEASONABLE GOODS

MULLETS, new catch.

Best Cream Cheese.

Martin's Gilt Edge Butter, Bagging and Ties.

SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CASE GOODS IN DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for

ROB ROY FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

More Salt

WE CAN SUPPLY YOUR NEEDS, 10,000 SACKS.

SEED POTATOES

of the BEST variety and quality.

Seed Oats, Seed Rye.

Fertilizers

of all makes and grades.

Inquiries and orders solicited.

The Worth Co.

feb 26 tf

BANANAS,

ORANGES,

PEARS, GRAPES,

Cocoanuts

and Fall Candy.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,

Bell 'Phone 680. mar 16 tf

Steel Nails.

$1,091.06 in Nails
$210 50 in Shot.
$56.11 in W. P. Caps.
$110.40 in Tomatoes.
$41 60 in Salmon.
$51 04 in Potted Ham.
$160.00 in Table Peaches.
$234.05 in Celluloid Starch
$56.03 in Ivory Starch.
$109.50 in Evaporated Apples.

W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer,

308, 310, 312 Nutt street, Wilmington, N. C.

mar 22 tf

LADIES. LISTEN!

WHEN YOU WANT KISSES, OYSTER PATTIES, MORENGS, CHARLOTTE RUSSE, OR ANY KIND OF FANCY CAKES FOR BIRTHDAY OR CARD PARTIES, CALL ON US AND SEE WHAT WE HAVE.

WARREN'S STEAM BAKERY AND CAFE,

feb 18 tf 22 North Front street.

10 Per Cent. Discount

For Cash.

Fine Goods must go to make room for Summer needs.

As the spot cash price is marked in plain figures on all my goods you can figure the discount yourself.

Iron Beds $3.25. Porch Rockers $1

N. F. PARKER,

Furniture and Furniture Novelties,

111 Market street,

Bell 'Phone 613. Inter-State 421.

RENOVATE YOUR MATTRESS, repair your Chairs upholster that old Lounge.

mar 12 tf

NOTICE.

FLOUR, all grades, barrels and bags.
SUGAR and COFFEE.
CAKES, CRACKERS, CHEESE and SARDINES.
CANDY, in baskets and boxes.
CANNED GOODS, such as TOMATOES, PEACHES, CORN, OYSTERS, SALMON, etc.
MULLETS and MULLET ROE.
PEANUTS, Va., N. C., and Spanish.
TOBACCOS Plug and Smoking.

For sale low by

Williams Bros.

feb 21 tf

A Magnificent Stock of Goods

in Every Department.

Our Store is just chocked full of new goods, in every department, but owing to our limited space it is just impossible for us to give you the least conception of the many pretty things we have on hand. You are cordially invited to visit our Store and look for yourself. We are showing the very latest novelties in

Worsteds, Dress Goods, Grenadines, Silks

AND WASH FABRICS

Now is the time to make your purchases while the goods are new and fresh. Be sure to examine our elegant stock of Table Linens, Napkins and Towels. There are some beautiful sets of Table Damask with Napkins to match, in the most popular lengths, at prices equally as cheap as the goods by the yard.

Sole Agent for Butterick's Patterns.

A. D. Brown.

mar 17 tf

HOW 'BOUT YOUR EASTER SUIT?

If you would have it on time you had best leave your measure at once.

Our line this season comprises all the latest novelties in English, Scotch and French Goods. Our Oxford Vicunas and unfinished Worsteds are extremely handsome, while our Serges and Cassimeres are swell. We give fit and finish you cannot get elsewhere. Drop in and look them over.

Suits Made North $16.00 Up.

Just received a line of NECKWEAR—see it before buying. Fine line of Furnishing Goods.

M. H. CURRAN, 107 Princess St.

mar 17 tf

A Note to the Ladies.

About the eighteenth of this month is the time set for Spring and Summer Opening in general.

Every Millinery Department, retail and wholesale, will then have their display and the most up-to-date and prettiest styles will be decided upon by Mrs. Taylor and Miss Taylor. The latter has been North for the last five weeks, and consequently has had every opportunity to judge the most correct styles. As a result of all this the choicest selections, as usual, will be found at

Taylor's Bazaar,

118 Market Street.

An announcement of the Opening will be made upon Mrs. Taylor's return.

mar 17 tf

Men's Button Shoes

Made by

"Snow"

$3.00---$3.50.

New Spring Styles now ready. Tan or Black.

S. & B. Solomon's

mar 17 tf SHOE DEPARTMENT.

Our Royal Blue Line

Of Gents' Vici Dewey Toe Bals

Are the best in the world for $3.50. Stop and see our window for more of our honest values up-to-date Footwear

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.

mar 17 tf

Our Next Regular Interest Quarter

Begins on APRIL 1ST. Money deposited now draws 4 per cent. per annum from that date, payable every three Months. We will cut your savings whether the amount be large or small, and urge you to make the start now.

YOU ARE INVITED to call and get one of our little Banks which we lend you.

The People's Savings Bank,

Opposite the Postoffice.

DIRECTORS.

H. C. M'QUEEN,	J. S. ARMSTRONG,	WM. CALDER,
E. C. HOLT,	M. W. DIVINE,	ISAAC BEAR,
J. H. CHADBOURN, JR.,	W. G. WHITEHEAD,	M. J. CORBETT.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.

mar 21 tf F. W. DICK, Cashier.

Horse Collars!

Cowan Livery Co.,

108, 110, 112 North Second Street.

mar 21 tf

BERRY CRATES.

BEST IN THE WORLD BUY THEM AND TRY THEM CAR LOAD ORDERS FROM RESPONSIBLE PARTIES PROMPTLY FILLED.

A. F. JOHNSON & SON,

mar 14 2w Clinton, N. C.

The Barber Shop.

It makes no difference whether the weather is hot or cold. You need a nice, clean, easy shave all the same.

We cut hair, too.

As well as shampoo.

QUION & DAVIS,

7 South Front street.

P. S.—Brush the gentleman cap a pie.

ja 23 tf